## CORPOSS DER

## MINOISGIYKN OINDMYKENISGIEN SHEGET

Blown iv


## CORPUS DER

MINOISCHEN UND MYKENISCHEN SIEGEL
BAND IV
(CMS IV)

## CORPUS DER

# MINOISCHEN UND MYKENISCHEN SIEGEL 

herausgegeben von

FRIEDRICH MATZ

## BAND IV

Iraklion, Sammlung Metaxas

## bearbeitet von

J. A. SAKELLARAKIS und V. E. G. KENNA

# IRAKLION <br> <br> SAMMLUNG METAXAS 

 <br> <br> SAMMLUNG METAXAS}
bearbeitet von

J. A. SAKELLARAKIS<br>und

V. E. G. KENNA



GEBR. MANN VERLAG • BERLIN 1969

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UNIVERSITATS BIBLIO I IEK HEIDELBERG
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C 1969 Gebr. Mann Verlag GmbH., Berlin
Druck: Brüder Hartmann, Berlin. Printed in Germany

## VORBEMERKUNG DES HERAUSGEBERS

Zum ersten Mal erscheint auf dem Titelblatt dieses Bandes nicht mehr H. Biesantz als Mitherausgeber. Eine neue hauptamtliche Tätigkeit, die H. Biesantz in der Schweiz übernommen hat, erlaubt ihm leider nicht, diesem Unternehmen soviel Zeit und Kraft zu widmen, wie es erfordert. Mit den Anfängen unserer Arbeit wird sein Name immer verbunden bleiben. Damals in Athen ansässig, konnte er die Verbindungen des Unterzeichneten mit den griechischen Kollegen und Mitarbeitern pflegen und aufrechterhalten. Vor allem die Gestaltung des ersten Bandes, der dann für die folgenden das Modell abgegeben hat, ist zum größten Teil seine Leistung, bei der er von Fräulein Antje Krug auf das beste unterstützt wurde. Hierfür sei ihm auch an dieser Stelle gedankt.

Zu danken ist auch dem Besitzer der in diesem Band bearbeiteten Sammlung, der vorbehaltslos seine Schätze zur Verfügung gestellt und den Bearbeitern auf das Mannigfachste geholfen hat. - Beide Mitarbeiter sind in so engem Kontakt miteinander tätig gewesen, daß ein Versuch, ihre beiden Teile gegeneinander abzugrenzen, keinen Sinn hätte. Um die Redaktion hat sich auch für diesen Band wieder I. Pini verdient gemacht.

Mit großem Dank muß auch hier der Deutschen Forschungsgemeinschaft gedacht werden, die durch drei erhebliche Sachbeihilfen in den Jahren 1966-68 die Weiterführung des Unternehmens überhaupt erst ermöglicht hat. - Der neue Generalsekretär der Akademie, Dr. G. Brenner hat, wie sein Vorgänger im Amt, durch sein tätiges Interesse an dieser Arbeit dem Herausgeber und dem Redakteur in außerordentlich dankenswerter Weise vielfach geholfen.

## ANMERKUNG DER REDAKTION

In den folgenden Bänden des Corpus (mit Ausnahme von CMS. I, VII und VIII) wird eine einheitliche Transkription der griechischen Ortsnamen angestrebt. Die Ortsnamen werden daher in Anlehnung an die neugriechische Aussprache ins Deutsche transkribiert. Es gilt folgende Transkriptionstabelle:

| $\alpha^{\prime}$ | - ä |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\alpha v$ | - af oder av |
| p | - v |
| $\cdots$ | - ng |
| \% | - ng |
| $\gamma \varepsilon$ | - je |
| $\gamma+\mathrm{i}$-Laut | - ji |
| $\delta$ | - d |
| $\varepsilon$ | - i |
| $\varepsilon v$ | - ef oder ev |
| $\zeta$ | - s |
| $\eta$ | - i |
| $ง$ | - th |
| $\lambda$. | - 1 oder 11 |
| $\mu \pi$ am Wortanfang | - b |
| $\mu \pi$ in Wortmitte | - mb |
| $v$ in Wortmitte | - n oder nn |
| $v \tau$ am Wortanfang | - d |
| $v \tau$ in Wortmitte | - nd |
| or | - i |
| @ | - r oder rr |
| ov | - ou |
| $\sigma$ in Wortmitte | - s oder ss |
| $v$ 吅 | - y |
| $\varphi$ | - ph |
| $\chi$ | - ch |

## PREFACE

To be in a favoured position, to know the country intimately, to have official approval in making a collection of Cretan Seals, and to be able to acquire them whenever they are offered, fall to the lot of few men. It fell to Richard Seager, the larger part of whose collection is now in the Metropolitan Museum, New York, the remainder being in the University Museum, Philadelphia; it fell to Richard Macgillivray Dawkins and to Sir Arthur Evans. It also fell to two eminent amateur collectors: Dr. Stylianos Giamalakis, whose seals are already known by publication, and to Mr. Nicholaos Metaxas.

The Evans collection, now in the Ashmolean Museum at Oxford, probably the finest group of Great Seals extant, gives, because of its excellence, a slightly misleading account of Cretan Seal use. It is unlikely that the majority of Cretan Seals in use in the Bronze Age, possessed the quality of these pieces. Sir Arthur, like the founder of the Lewes House Collection, now for the most part in Boston, Massachusetts, like that of the late Captain E. Spencer-Churchill, aimed at excellence, even for artistic value.

This slightly misleading picture is corrected by the Seager Collection, which is far more representative of Cretan use as a whole, than for example, the magnificent group in Boston. Thus for the student of archaeology, the Seager and Dawkins Collections are in some ways more valuable in giving a more balanced picture of Cretan glyptic. Even the famous collection of Aegean seal stones in the Athens National Museum, with its seemingly inextricable mixture of Cretan and Helladic pieces, does not present a true picture of general seal use in the Late Bronze Age. The very quality of these stones and - except for Pylos - the paucity of sealings, suggests a noble kingly use, rather than one which belonged not only to the Court, but to farmers, craftsmen and merchants.

The seals from Lenda have redressed the imbalance caused by the magnificent ivories from Platanos, Koumassa, Ajia Triada and recently from Archanes. So the original Dawkins Collection and that of Seager, although comparatively deficient in ivories, are more representative of Cretan use, than those at Oxford and the British Museum.

The collection of Mr. Nicholaos Metaxas, at present as large as that of Richard Seager and of Sir Arthur Evans, is as representative of Cretan use, as the former, yet in two ways surpasses both collections, for it contains a large number of ivories from South Crete, and some outstanding examples, which by the evidence of the sealings from Ajia Triada, must be fine work from South Crete of the Late Minoan I period. Indeed a number of seals in the Metaxas Collection have such quality, that had they been discovered two or three generations ago, they would doubtless have now been housed in Oxford. Chief among them is an ivory seated duck (No. 5) of the end of the Early Minoan Age from South Crete. Its base is meticulously engraved, with orderly spaced vertical members in rows, which alternating in
direction, are framed by an interlocking rectangular pattern. The intricacy of this overall pattern is astonishing, and provides, as these early ivories often do, a perfect foil to the serene simplicity of the shape of the sitting bird.

Near in time to this beautiful theriomorph, but slightly earlier and, except for wear, in good condition, is a massive portion of a tusk just shaped for use (No. 1). Indeed one side, obliquely concave, is designed for the thumb to rest in during the making of the impression. This piece has in common with some of the finer seals datable to the end of the Early Minoan Age, a delicacy in its overall patterns of conjoined C- und S-spirals. In contrast with the meticulous precision of the motif on the base of the sitting duck, are two others related in precision, but of greater depth, namely Nos. 3 and 4, both great wedges of ivory, with rectangular interlocking patterns. No. 4, fractured completely through the line of the string hole, makes up for this loss by a perfect cross section, showing the string holes at their respective positions and angles. No. 3 has a deceptively simple pattern whose description demands an analytic treatment, since any other would blur the decorative mastery it reveals.

Then datable to the end of the First Transitional Phase, a theriomorphic shape of a lion's head in white steatite (No. 30), bearing on its base an overall lozenge pattern, alternatively plain and hatched. Comparable with the seated duck, in this case the elaboration belongs to the head itself, in contrast with the simplicity of its overall lozenge pattern. This work, by any standard of engraving or carving in the round, could take its place with the finest work of the Knossian Palace Period, nor would it be out of place with comparable pieces from Mesopotamia or classical Greece.

Near in time to the lion's head, is another theriomorph (No. 28) of white glazed steatite, of two monkeys in embrace, and as the former of the lion's head - although the monkeys have lost some of the fineness of the original engraving by wear - it shows a similar contrast of intricacy in the carving of the shape, with the simplicity of the motif on its elliptical base, diagonally quartered and correspondingly halved. The expression on the faces of the two monkeys, a minor masterpiece, is a trembling balance between humour and pathos, neither predominating. A number of ivory seals with ridged hooped handles (Nos. 16-18, 23-25), whose faces are generally engraved with plain cross hatching, almost exact parallels with those from Ajia Triada, like an equal number of epomion or shoulder shaped seals (Nos. 12-15, 19-22), also in ivory, and of quite plain conical signets of steatite and ivory in the Heraklion Museum, are reminders of more common uses and needs, with one of the finest double seals to advertize the genius of seal cutting in the early Palatial age. This, the section of a fine ivory tusk, or a reduced cylinder (No. 42), has been hollowed out (in the interest of economy, the interior of the tusk was in all probability cut out and made into another seal, since the width of the cut would not have allowed the perfect fit of the two ends), and fitted with ends of the same material, so closely and perfectly that the engraved design, continued without apparent break over the ends of the seal and its ivory caps. The motifs are germane, being on one cap a pattern of S-spirals with palmettes and on the other C -spirals with centred circles. There are other examples of this inventive joinery, few so perfectly fitted as this one, or graced by such an emphatic design - since usual for derived spiral form designs on the Syrian coast, but rare for the Cretan instances. In these two motifs in both S- and C-Spirals, multiple centred circles from the tubular drill have been used as a base for the execution. This piece belongs to the fine work of the end of the Middle Minoan I period, and the beginning of

Middle Minoan II, the time of a renaissance after much poor work in the south. No. 44, a fine elongated ivory pyramidal shaped, has a deep but beautifully cut motif of a spreading quatrefoil with cup-sinkings between the leaves.

There are many other shapes in ivory, smaller, intricate and, despite or perhaps because of their size, a microcosm of this early glyptic art.

A number of Middle Minoan I button shaped seals of steatite (Nos. 75, 77, 78, 80), using the tubular drill marks as a basis for the motifs, can be related to sealings from the Phästos deposit: for Middle Minoan II and perhaps its earlier part. They are discoids and rudimentary lenticular shapes. To the Middle Minoan III A should belong, first a green jasper signet (No. 141), which although badly damaged, retains enough of its original shape and motif of a running goat, to bridge the gap between the stiffer rendering of some animal forms at the end of Middle Minoan II and the beginning of Middle Minoan III, with the freer renderings associated with the Temple Repositories sealings, and a green jasper three-sided prism bead (No. 156) with hieroglyphs on two sides and a rampant or climbing goat on the third. In workmanship, this piece compares with British Museum 1934, 11-20-1 (CMS. VII No. 40), and with Metropolitan Museum, New York 26.31 .155 (AJA. 68, 1964, Pl. 2 no. 2, Pl. 3 no. 18), to which in time, if not in workmanship, it must be closely related.

From an informative group of discoids bearing architectural and façade designs, No. 158, of mottled red, black and white agate, stands out as chief. It possesses an added distinction, because of its close relationship in style and technique - as also in material - with the discoid in the Colville Collection (CMS. VIII No. 105) which with those from the Ashmolean and Heraklion Museums, mark some of the most meticulous and beautiful engraving of the Bronze Age. No. 168 was a great find: a lentoid of black marble, since it is yet another study of a bull's head by the master of the Chanting Priest and with a Knossian provenience, as are the other related bovine studies (Festschrift für Friedrich Matz, 1962, p.6). A discoid (No. 166) is believed to be unique. Of obsidian (Nos. 157, 195, 207 and another recently acquired from Vassilies are of the same material; four others are known to the authors in Switzerland and the USA, except those published in CMS. VIII No. 136 and Kret. Chron. 17, 1963, p. 352, pl. 18) it probably derives, as do the two in the Dawkins Collection (CMS. VIII. Nos. 39, 40) and two others in the British Museum, (CMS. VII, Nos. 37, 38) from the cores of obsidian vessels, since, like them, at least on one side, it retains the natural marks of its cleavage, yet with the added distinction that the reverse is discreetly and shallowly engraved with a running goat. The attitude of the hind leg links it with the slightly later studies of dogs scratching themselves (Cf. No. 185). This suggests the survival of an older shape, perhaps because of its material, into the Second Transitional Phase.

No. 233, of haematite, a lengthened amygdaloid, gives one of the most spirited accounts of a man fighting with a lion. Its shape assists the dramatic content of the theme, since the narrow field emphasizes infighting, and its length a lack of cover. Both desperation and strength are seen in this motif and the balance between them is precariously held.

A contemporary amygdaloid, also of haematite (No. 246) bears a beautiful study of two water fowl, one just about to fly. The unanimity of the motif is enhanced by the river plants being Cretan, and not of Egyptian species. An other amygdaloid (No. 232) of red and black mottled jasper, still leans expertly towards verisimilitude, in spite of the growing use of the shape for talimanic subjects. Its theme of four swimming fish is engagingly naturalistic; the
two bunches of weed in spry alternative positions at the edge of the stone, speak of the growing pressure of the talismanic class. The engraving is superlative.

Near in time is No. 236, an object lesson in the deployment of space within a glandular shaped field. A young bucranium is central to the field, the two branches as the portcullis above, emphasize both relationship and grades of symbolic meaning within a unity of the themes. The green jasper material is exactly the right background for it. For the deployment of objects in the field, with evidence of a great sensitiveness with regard to space, No. 224, a glandular red and white mottled agate, with opulent carination, ranks as high as No. 257. On it are engraved two bucrania inverted to each other. This at once recalls the sealing from Ajia Triada bearing a similar subject (ASAtene 8-9, 1925-26, 88, fig. 34). In complete contrast No. 257, although a later stone, this red jasper lentoid bears a study of two birds, a wind blown seed and papyrus. Here spatial relationship appears to be out of hand, until the erratic motion of the presumed flying seed is understood.

Matching this work in its technical virtuosity, although belonging to the very end of the Knossian Palace period, is the study of a lioness attacking a bull (No. 259). Its delicately mottled material appears to be a rare kind of mineral, since its colour, quite uniform, has a certain light tinge of brown. This engraving shows supreme mastery of technique, and must be a Palace period prototype of the more frequent studies technically related to it, but on a lower grade, of a number of lentoids datable to Late Minoan III A.

The Metaxas Collection has, in addition to the fine examples of seals proper, a fine number of talismanic pieces of the Second Transitional Phase and Late Minoan I period. Some of these show new motifs, others stylistic variations of motifs already known. All are of fine material and workmanship. Two of the most striking are No. 192, a grey sapphirine chalcedony cushion-shape ${ }^{1}$, showing two jugs facing outwards and a great amygdaloid sardonyx (No. 226), on which is engraved a talismanic combination of a cantharos and a bucranium. Clear instances of the use of the silphium seed for this class of stone, occur on Nos. 174, 200, 210, 237. There is a new motif of what appears to be a seed pod set within a panel on No. 239, a fine variation of the panel theme, while another (No. 201) shows a cantharos set between two foliated horns of consecration. There are three striking variations of the cantharos fused with talismanic variations (Nos. 188, 226, 250). These in particular are of great value, since their metamorphosis stands in complete contrast with those stones which on grounds of style, subject and execution, are hybrids. Seal-talismans, perhaps indicating that the first clear distinction between the talismanic stone and the seal proper, which on present evidence occurred in the Second Transitional Phase, had already in Late Minoan IB become blurred. The Seager Collection has a good number of these fine and interesting stones. This number and the knowledge of this reactionary movement, is enhanced by No. 223, an amygdaloid stone of a sacral ivy leaf and an axe head with a single blade. It is, in this instance, the sprouting decoration on the axe blade, which betrays a talismanic leaning, as does the rash of crescents on a fine sard lentoid of a megalithic gate (No. 164). There are some seals with fine foreparts of fish, others with tapering and curved bundles, similarly arranged. There are examp-

[^0]les of the more debased rendering of motifs, particulary in the case of the double axe (No. 191, $202,255)$. In these examples of the talismanic class and the related hybrids, as regards material, cornelian and green jasper are naturally plentiful; yet there is a quota of finer and more colourful material, including a fine amethyst (No. 204) which although damaged, suggests a variation from a stereotyped use.

Stereotyped characteristics, however, are seen in the group Nos. 261-264. Close parallels in subject and style can be seen in a similar group in the British Museum (CMS. VII Nos. 139, 151-1532). Evidence of technique suggests the superlative skill of Late Minoan II; the stereotyped character, a probable manufacture for export. A number of examples of this class have been found on the mainland (CMS. I Nos. 55, 56, 143).

Apart from the aesthetic appeal of many of these pieces, which in itself can be regarded as archaeological evidence, the total effect greatly enhances the knowledge of Minoan seal use and Cretan glyptic. This is particularly true of the stones of the closing period of the Late Minoan age, whose comparative drabness may, like the excellence of the earlier pieces, disguise their archaeological value. The number of Late Minoan III B stones are for example of value as evidence for the character of the closing period of the Bronze Age in Crete. Many of them damaged, some later re-engraved, add to the tale of activity in the making of small carved stones in Crete at the end of the Bronze Age. A small but particularly valuable number, whose recorded provenience is the Messara, are so like many of the Late Minoan III B stones in material, subject and style found in the Knossos area, as to suggests that north central Crete was their origin and that probably in antiquity they were taken to the south of the island (Cf. Heraklion Museum Nos. 174, 1364 and No. 2136 [Rotassi]). These stones, which by style and typology can be dated to the end of the Bronze Age, do provide observable differences from those of the immediately prior period Late Minoan IIIA2, of which there are a sizable number in this collection. These earlier stones are of value, because stylistically, technically and even from the standpoint of material - serpentine and good marble being more frequent than steatites and slates - they are not only sometimes subtly, sometimes distinctively different from the last period, but provide a line between them and the finer stones of Late Minoan IIIA. So while not perhaps as exciting as the last experiments of Late Minoan IIIB, nor as traditionally satisfying as those of Late Minoan IIIA1, the Late Minoan IIIA2 in the Metaxas Collection, do strengthen the hitherto rather precarious link between Late Minoan IIIA and Late Minoan IIIB, and show the beginning of the recession from mainland influence observable in Late Minoan IIIA $A_{1}$.

The cost of making a collection of this importance is great, not only in effort, or even in acutal purchase, but in a fairly high percentage of waste, due to doubtful pieces and those which later were seen to be falsifications. But it is of value first to the collector, who is thus warned of his fallibility; then of value to the archaeologist, when he pits his knowledge and experience of ancient glyptic against an extensive trade and specialist technique, in reminding him forcibly that the sense of style is acquired and maintained by disciplined and unremitting study, lastly of a different and special kind of value to the collector, since these doubtful and fraudulent pieces are the necessary waste in the building of a fine collection.

[^1]The doubtful pieces are grouped together in the section entitled Dubitandae. If reference is made to one of these pieces elsewhere, the capital letter D will be placed after the number.

Costs of production prevent a publication of many of these pieces, nor would a collector desire it. Certain Gemmae Dubitandae are given in a special appendix, since this term advisedly chosen in 1960 - signifies that, although on present evidence these pieces are not wholly related to the body of extant Cretan glyptic, yet on the available evidence, no decisive judgement on them can be given, since the crucial knowledge to regard them as falsifications or completely genuine, is absent.

The authors wish to express their appreciation of Mr. Gautel's photography (for the photographs of No. 123 a we are indebted to Mr. Xylouris) and of the drawings of Mrs. Down and Mrs. Fäthke (Nos. 88, 114, 226, 275, 312, 12 D, $16 \mathrm{Da}-\mathrm{c}, 17 \mathrm{Dc}, 54 \mathrm{D})$. By their expert work, the tentative solution of some problems of identification was confirmed. Grateful thanks are due to Mr. and Mrs. Metaxas for allowing them to frequent their home during the years of 196568 , in order to study the material. We are also indebted to Mr. I. Pini for the final redaction of this volume and the preparation of the map.

Midsummer 1968
J. A. Sakellarakis, Heraklion
V.E. G. Kenna, Tolland

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## ABBREVIATIONS

AA. Archäologischer Anzeiger<br>AJA. American Journal of Archaeology<br>ASAtene Annuario della Scuola Archaeologica di Atene<br>CHIK. E. Grumach ( $\dagger$ ), Corpus der hieroglyphischen Inschriften Kretas (in preparation)<br><br>Kadmos Kadmos, Zeitschrift für Vor- und Frühgriechische Epigraphik<br>

## THE MEASUREMENTS OF THE SEALS

(All measurements in centimeters)
B. breadth
H. height
L. length (in the case of the three-sided prism beads the measurement parallel with the string hole)
SH. diameter of the string hole
TH. thickness
$\varnothing$ diameter

CONCORDANCE OF INVENTORY AND CATALOGUE NUMBERS

| Inv. | Cat. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 139 | 26 |
| 141 | 15 |
| 142 | 14 |
| 143 | 112 |
| 144 | 59 |
| 145 | 6 |
| 146 | 29 |
| 147 | 113 |
| 150 | 161 |
| 151 | 50 |
| 153 | 30 |
| 157 | 129 |
| 159 | 78 |
| 162 | 9 |
| 163 | 61 |
| 164 | 56 |
| 165 | 34 |
| 166 | 69 |
| 167 | 82 |
| 168 | 136 |
| 169 | 70 |
| 170 | 71 |
| 172 | 123 |
| 175 | 128 |
| 177 | 126 |
| 178 | 27 D |
| 180 | 73 |
| 181 | 137 |
| 182 | 76 |
| 184 | 11 |
| 185 | 127 |
| 186 | 138 |
| 189 | 125 |
| 190 | 156 |
| 191 | 12 D |
| 196 | 155 |
| 197 | 225 |
| 198 | 157 |
| 199 | 271 |
| 200 | 289 |
| 201 | 184 |
| 202 | 238 |
| 203 | 282 |
| 204 | 173 |
| 205 | 179 |
|  |  |


| Inv. | Cat. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 206 | 321 |
| 208 | 301 |
| 209 | 84 |
| 210 | 57 D |
| 211 | 322 |
| 212 | 219 |
| 213 | 186 |
| 214 | 30 D |
| 215 | 195 |
| 217 | 252 |
| 218 | 323 |
| 219 | 142 |
| 220 | 260 |
| 221 | 188 |
| 222 | 224 |
| 223 | 189 |
| 224 | 298 |
| 225 | 306 |
| 226 | 303 |
| 227 | 261 |
| 228 | 316 |
| 229 | 37 D |
| 230 | 190 |
| 231 | 191 |
| 232 | 196 |
| 233 | 197 |
| 234 | 150 |
| 235 | 145 |
| 237 | 42 D |
| 238 | 139 |
| 239 | 174 |
| 241 | 152 |
| 242 | 88 |
| 243 | 143 |
| 244 | 315 |
| 245 | 308 |
| 246 | 170 |
| 247 | 35 D |
| 249 | 228 |
| 250 | 175 |
| 251 | 267 |
| 252 | 314 |
| 254 | 87 |
| 255 | 187 |
| 256 | 193 |
|  |  |


| Inv. | Cat. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 257 | 176 |
| 258 | 226 |
| 260 | 295 |
| 261 | 192 |
| 262 | 177 |
| 263 | 309 |
| 264 | 178 |
| 266 | 168 |
| 267 | 291 |
| 268 | 285 |
| 269 | 147 |
| 270 | 232 |
| 271 | 243 |
| 273 | 89 |
| 274 | 245 |
| 275 | 194 |
| 276 | 158 |
| 277 | 237 |
| 278 | 163 |
| 279 | 236 |
| 282 | 262 |
| 283 | 45 D |
| 284 | 164 |
| 285 | 90 |
| 288 | 246 |
| 290 | 293 |
| 291 | 305 |
| 292 | 180 |
| 293 | 130 |
| 294 | 86 |
| 295 | 38 D |
| 297 | 49 D |
| 298 | 233 |
| 299 | 257 |
| 300 | 312 |
| 301 | 198 |
| 302 | 280 |
| 303 | 148 |
| 304 | 284 |
| 307 | 268 |
| 308 | 253 |
| 309 | 83 |
| 311 | 311 |
| 312 | 244 |
| 313 | 51 D |
|  |  |


| Inv. | Cat. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 314 | 304 |
| 315 | 269 |
| 316 | 171 |
| 319 | 200 |
| 320 | 281 |
| 321 | 172 |
| 322 | 199 |
| 323 | 221 |
| 407 | 58 D |
| 426 | 154 |
| 466 | 124 |
| 469 | 201 |
| 470 | 202 |
| 473 | 34 D |
| 476 | 8 D |
| 478 | 96 |
| 479 | 239 |
| 485 | 203 |
| 486 | 51 |
| 487 | 133 |
| 488 | 234 |
| 489 | 52 D |
| 490 | 229 |
| 493 | 204 |
| 494 | 205 |
| 495 | 181 |
| 497 | 266 |
| 500 | 206 |
| 503 | 278 |
| 504 | 310 |
| 506 | 98 |
| 508 | 39 D |
| 509 | 160 |
| 512 | 223 |
| 516 | 222 |
| 517 | 207 |
| 518 | 50 D |
| 519 | 165 |
| 520 | 317 |
| 525 | 43 D |
| 527 | 230 |
| 528 | 144 |
| 530 | 115 |
| 532 | 12 |
| 534 | 2 D |
|  |  |


| Inv. | Cat. | Inv. | Cat. | Inv. | Cat. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 538 | 17 | 1085 | 15 D | 1159 | 21 D |
| 539 | 18 | 1086 | 13 D | 1161 | 68 |
| 540 | 25 | 1087 | 91 | 1163 | 24 |
| 544 | 5 D | 1088 | 296 | 1164 | 23 |
| 1025 | 1 D | 1089 | 263 | 1172 | 101 |
| 1026 | 94 | 1090 | 286 | 1173 | 135 |
| 1027 | 276 | 1091 | 288 | 1174 | 5 |
| 1030 | 256 | 1092 | 320 | 1177 | 57 |
| 1031 | 18 D | 1093 | 213 | 1181 | 32 |
| 1032 | 7 D | 1094 | 283 | 1182 | 109 |
| 1033 | 28 | 1095 | 55 D | 1185 | 48 |
| 1036 | 26 D | 1096 | 36 D | 1186 | 58 |
| 1037 | 318 | 1097 | 258 | 1188 | 4 D |
| 1038 | 134 | 1098 | 294 | 1189 | 27 |
| 1039 | 209 | 1099 | 273 | 1193 | 22 |
| 1040 | 248 | 1100 | 214 | 1195 | 4 |
| 1041 | 319 | 1101 | 215 | 1198 | 60 |
| 1042 | 210 | 1102 | 216 | 1199 | 44 |
| 1043 | 279 | 1103 | 241 | 1200 | 105 |
| 1044 | 182 | 1106 | 153 | 1202 | 11 D |
| 1045 | 208 | 1108 | 95 | 1203 | 106 |
| 1046 | 47 D | 1115 | 119 | 1205 | 116 |
| 1047 | 292 | 1116 | 107 | 1206 | 19 |
| 1048 | 183 | 1117 | 104 | 1207 | 114 |
| 1049 | 40 D | 1118 | 14 D | 1208 | 13 |
| 1051 | 211 | 1121 | 100 | 1211 | 1 |
| 1052 | 212 | 1122 | 102 | 1213 | 7 |
| 1053 | 151 | 1126 | 131 | 1214 | 63 |
| 1054 | 227 | 1127 | 141 | 1216 | 20 D |
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## CATALOGUE OF SEALS

EARLY MINOAN III
Nos. 1-18


1/Inv. No. 1211
Ivory
Pyramidal; one of its sides is vertical, another hollowed for seal use; three parallel grooves around half of the body, obliquely disposed and two other smaller grooves near the string hole at the top, the other near the string hole at the side. There are three string holes; one diagonal to the base, two others bored down at an angle of 45 degrees to engage the first. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 2,34. B. 1,93. H. 1,62. SH. 0,3

Kali Limiones (51)
Within a frame an overall pattern of conjoined S- and C-spirals of double engraved lines.


## 2/Inv. No. 1269

Ivory
Pyramid reduced to triangular form with rounded corners. One horizontal string hole near the top. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 4,3. B. 2,8. H. 5,75. SH. 0,25

Knossos (24)
At the base of the triangular field a S- and a Cspiral detached; above the C-spiral three truncated C-spirals vertically disposed; above the Sspiral two truncated S-spirals similarly disposed.



3/Inv. No. 1290
Ivory
Part of a tusk reduced by rounded corners and depressed top from which spring two grooves antithetically disposed; the sides have been made concave for seal use. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of 45 degrees to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture. Worn
L. 2,35. B. 2,09. H. 1,80. SH. 0,26

Kali Limiones (51)
A design of staggered crosses which, joined together, make a continuous pattern of swastikas.



4/Inv. No. 1195
Ivory
Portion of a wedge-shaped seal, grooved around the body; there are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of 45 degrees to engage the first. The greater part of the seal is lost by fracture
L. 3.05. B. 1,35. H. 2,45. SH. 0,25-0,30

Kali Limiones (51)
An overall pattern of interlocking rectangular forms.



5/Inv. No. 1174
Ivory
Theriomorph; a duck seated on a base, regardant; the eyes are indicated by fine drill holes, the wings by grooving. A horizontal string hole through the neck. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost L. 1,75. B. 1,02. H. 1,95. SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)
An overall pattern of upright members in alternating positions, springing from horizontal lines, within a rectangular frame.


6/Inv. No. 145
Ivory
Tongue-shaped; two incised lines around the base. One horizontal string hole at the tip. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 2,07. B. 0,74 . H. 3,83. SH. 0,30

Messara
Vertical lines irregularly spaced.


7/Inv. No. 1213
Ivory
Reduced cylinder. Part of the seal is lost by fracture; much worn and decayed
H. 2,65. $\varnothing$ 2,42-2,28

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Four C-spirals alternatively conjoined with two C-spirals to make a cruciform design of torsional character.
b) Indistinguishable.


## 8/Inv. No. 1131

Ivory
Hemicylinder with incurved sides. There are three string holes, one bored horizontally above the central axis, two others engage the first at an angle of 45 degrees, rising into two openings at the top. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,95. B. 1,27. H. 2,38. SH. 0,22-0,32

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


9/Inv. No. 162
Green and grey steatite
Truncated cone; incised oblique lines around the body and one horizontal around the base. There are three string-holes, one bored horizontally above the central axis, two others engage the first at an angle of 45 degrees, rising into two openings at the top. Part of the body and half of the field are lost by fracture H. 1,28. $\phi 1,65$. SH. 0,28

## Mallia (12)

Two goats moving to the right, and parts of the neck and the head of a larger animal.




10/Inv. No. 1255
Brown steatite
Three-sided prism. Parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
L. 1,38 . B. 1,14 . SH. 0,25

Mallia (12)
a) A man to the left; before him two vases irregularly disposed.
b) A goat moving to the right.
c) A group of four vessels suspended by a pole; in the field two greater vases.



11/Inv. Nr. 184
Grey and brown steatite
Three-sided prism
L. 1,54. B. 1,16-1,21. SH. 1,34

Mallia (12)
a) A man holding a pole with three suspended vessels.
b) A scorpion.
c) A bird and a fish.


## 12/Inv. No. 532

Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. Two string holes at the top. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 2,49. B. 1,95. H. 2,0. SH. 0,24

Lenda (48)
The rectangular field is divided into two halves; in the upper three diagonal crosses; the lower is indistinguishable.


13/Inv. No. 1208
Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped; vertical grooves scored on the lower part of the back. The top and parts of the field are lost by fracture
L. 2,98. B. 1,68 . H. 0,9

Kali Limiones (51)
The quadrangular field is divided into two halves; the upper contains a herring bone design, the lower a trellis pattern of double lines.


14/Inv. No. 142
Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. The upper part
is lost by fracture
L. 1,85 . B. 1,65. H. 0,76

Lenda (48)
The quadrangular field is halved and filled with oblique and vertical hatching.


15/Inv. No. 141
Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. There are two
string holes at the top
L. 1,67 . B. 0,95 . H. 1,26 . SH. 0,25

Lenda (48)
Diagonal cross-hatching.


16/Inv. No. 1145
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet. The ring and half of the field are lost by fracture
H. 0,58. $\varnothing 1,70$

Mallia (12)
Cross-hatching.


17/Inv. No. 538
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet with central ridge. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost.
L. 1,45. B. 1,15. H. 1,51. SH. 0,75

Lenda (48)
Cross-hatching.


18/Inv. No. 539
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet with central ridge. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 1,42 . B. 1,03. H. 1,51. SH. $0,85-0,95$

Lenda (48)
Cross-hatching.

FIRST TRANSITIONAL PHASE
Nos. 19-33



19/Inv. No. 1206
Bone
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. Part of the top
is lost by fracture
L. 2,23. B. 0,8 . H. 0,58

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


20/Inv. No. 1291
Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. The top and the greater part of the field are lost by fracture
L. 1,46. B. 1,25

Kali Limiones (51)
The quadrangular field is divided into three panels, one of which contains cross-hatching, the others plain angled hatching.


## 21/Inv. No. 1133

Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped; the back is grooved. There are two string holes at the top.
The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 2,06. B. 1,75. H. 2,0. SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)
The field is halved; in the upper register a double zig-zag line; in the lower cross-hatching, which overruns into the upper register.


22/Inv. No. 1193
Ivory
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. Part of the seal is lost by fracture
L. 2,3. B. 2,03. H. 1,32

Kali Limiones (51)
The field is divided into two halves; each of them contains two hatched triangles in reverse position; below them a band of plain hatching.


23/Inv. No. 1164
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet with central ridge. Small
parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 0,90 . B. 1,10 . H. 1,18 . SH. $0,5-0,6$

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


24/Inv. No. 1163
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet with central ridge. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost; much worn
L. 1,14 . B. 1,11 . H. 1,15 . SH. $0,36-0,45$

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


25/Inv. No. 540
Ivory
Ring-shaped signet with central ridge. Parts
of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,16 . B. 0,93 . H. 1,38 . SH. $0,42-0,50$

Lenda (48)
The engraving is lost by fracture.


26/Inv. No. 139
Ivory
Cylinder, pierced horizontally at the top; two smaller string holes at the bottom. The inside part is lost; other smaller parts are lost by fracture
H. 1,86. $\varnothing 2,37$. SH. 0,35-0,20

Lenda (48)
Cross-hatching.



27/Inv. No. 1189
White faience
Reduced cylinder. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture showing the effects of fire L. 1,72. B. 1,50. H. 1,85. SH. 0,32-0,37 Kali Limiones (51)
a) In the centre a quatrefoil design and one leaf, surrounded by six bifoliate forms.
b) Three conjoined S-spirals.


28/Inv. No. 1033
White faience
Theriomorph; two monkeys embracing. There are three string holes, one bored horizontally through the central axis, two others engage the first at an angle of $45^{\circ}$, rising into two openings at the top
L. 2,09. B. 1,56. H. 1,36. SH. 0,34

Kali Limiones (51)
The oval field is diagonally quartered and filled with chevrons.



## 29/Inv. No. 146

Ivory
Theriomorph; seated animal. One horizontal string hole between the limbs. Part of the field is lost by fracture
L. 1,38 . B. 0,74 . H. 0,69 . SH. 0,25

Lenda (48)
The elliptical field is cross hatched.


30/Inv. No. 153
White steatite
Theriomorph; lion's head; ears, eyes and snout are in relief, the hair, nose and mouth are indicated by fine incised lines. There are three string holes, one lateral under the ears, two others bored down from the centre of the forehead at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the
 first. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture.
L. 1,93. B. 1,40. H. 2,30. SH. 0,24-0,26

Knossos (24)
Within two border lines on the ellipsoidal face is an overall pattern of lozenges, which are plain and hatched in alternation.

Alexiou, Delt. 19 B $_{3}, 1964,438$.


31/Inv.No. 1289
Ivory
Theriomorph; remains of the foreparts of two animals antithetically disposed on an ovoid base. There is one horizontal string hole. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 2,06. B. 1,67 . H. 1,05 . SH. 0,28

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.



32/Inv. No. 1181
Ivory
Calyx-shaped; the knob at the top is missing.
Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. 1,23. $\varnothing 1,28$

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


33/Inv. No. 1146
Ivory
Poppy-shaped. The half of the seal and part of the field are lost by fracture
H. $2,08 . \varnothing 0,89$

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.

MIDDLE MINOAN I
Nos. 34-113


34/Inv. No. 165
Ivory
Remains of two ovoid cylinders conjoined.
There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. One cylinder and part of the field at each end are lost by fracture
L. 1,29. B. 1,05 . H. 1,78 . SH. $0,21-0,33$

Krotos (47)
a) Three S-spirals in quadrilateral combination.



34/Inv. No. 165
Ivory
Remains of two ovoid cylinders conjoined.
There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. One cylinder and part of the field at each end are lost by fracture
L. 1,29. B. 1,05. H. 1,78. SH. 0,21-0,33

Krotos (47)
b) An arrow-like form.


35/Inv. No. 1062
Black stone
Truncated cone; four bands are engraved obliquely on its surface, another continuously around the base. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
H. 1,53. $\varnothing 1,94-2,04$. SH. 0,25

Kali Limiones (51)
A combination of a S- and three C-spirals within a circular border.


36/Inv. No. 1140
Black marble
Truncated cone; the body is grooved; incised line around the base; between the grooves cup-sinkings, some of which contain white stone filling. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. W orn
H. 1,66. $\varnothing 1,85$. SH. 0,26

Apolychnos (57)
Four C-spirals conjoined to make a quadrilateral field in which there is one central cup-sinking.


37/Inv. No. 1067
Green and brown steatite
Truncated cone; engraved oblique bands around the body and another around the base. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn H. 1,65 . $\phi 1,66-1,78$. SH. 0,27

Kali Limiones (51)
Four intersecting and divergent lines; sporadic marks in some segments.


38/Inv. No. 1286
Ivory
Pyramidal-shape, flattened, with rounded top. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 1,6 . B. 0,72 . H. 3,04. SH. 0,15

Kali Limiones (51)
Two bifoliate patterns conjoined; three palmettes in the interstices.


39/Inv. No. 1266
Ivory
Section of a tusk. There are three string holes, one horizontal below the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; much worn
L. 3,1. B. 2,48. H. 3,21. SH. 0,45

Knossos (24)
a) The field is diagonally quartered; in either
quarter a quatrefoil design and chevrons alterna-
a) The field is diagonally quartered; in either
quarter a quatrefoil design and chevrons alternatively.


39/Inv. No. 1266
Ivory
Section of a tusk. There are three string holes, one horizontal below the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; much worn
L. 3,1. B. 2,48. H. 3,21. SH. 0,45

Knossos (24)
b) Hardly distinguishable; perhaps motif similar as on a). Since there appears the remains of one diagonal with a trefoliate group beneath.


40/Inv. No. 1134
Ivory
Truncated and flattened conoid; a vertical groove on one of its long sides. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,73. B. 1,23. H. 1,73. SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)
Two triple lines diagonally disposed.



41/Inv. No. 1057
Ivory
Reduced cylinder with incurved sides. One string hole on the central axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. $1,23 . \varnothing_{1,27-1,03 \text {. SH. } 0,22-0,28}$

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Six C-spirals conjoined to make a whirling pattern.
b) Two fish antithetically disposed.



42/Inv. No. 1136
Ivory
Reduced cylinder, elliptical in section; the interior has been worked to receive two covers to be secured by three ivory nails. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 2,36 . B. 1,95 . H. 2,15 . SH. 0,35

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Quadrilateral group of S-spirals with palmettes between.
b) Quadrilateral group of C-spirals with centred circles between.
Centred circles are the basis of the spiral form design.



43/Inv. No. 1229
Ivory
Pyramidal-shaped,triangular in section. Parts
of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,34. B. 1,08. H. 2,4

Kali Limiones (51)
A trefoil design; three cup-sinkings at the edges of the seal.



Ivory
Pyramidal-shaped, lengthened. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. The top is lost by fracture
L. 1,23 . B. 0,87 . H. 1,87 . SH. 0,21

Kali Limiones (51)
Two pairs of leaves combine to make a torquelike quatrefoil; four cup-sinkings diagonally disposed.


45/Inv. No. 1254
Ivory
Tusk section, flattened. The top of the seal and parts of the field are lost by fracture
L. 1,3. B. 0,66 . H. 1,3

Pigaïdakia (52)
A trefoil design springing from a central cupsinking; two triangular quantities at the edge of the seal.


46/Inv. No. 1268
Ivory
Reduced cylinder with hammer-headed top; one engraved line on each side of the top. The string hole is bored horizontally through the head. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost H. 3,3. $\varnothing 1,75$. SH. 0,29

Kali Limiones (51)
Three grubs circularly disposed.




47/Inv. No. 1232

## Ivory

Reduced cylinder. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored at the side at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Half of the seal is lost by fracture
H. 1,95. $\varnothing 1,65-1,3$. SH. $0,27-0,46$

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Animal moving to the left.
b) Two straight lines crossed and part of a third curved.



48/Inv. No. 1185
Ivory
Tusk section. Half of the body and part of the field are lost by fracture
L. 0,94 . B. 0,93 . H. 2, 09

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
A linear complex.


49/Inv. No. 1135
Ivory
Horn-shaped. One horizontal string hole at
the top. Part of the seal is lost by fracture
L. 0,80 . B. 0,60 . H. 2,15. SH. 0,21

Kali Limiones (51)
A group of marks or signs.


50/Inv. No. 151
Black steatite
Pear-shaped signet with flanged conical top; incised line around the base
H. 2,72. $\varnothing 1,80$. SH. 0,23

Messara
A hatched triangle with fine segments above; below a bugle-shaped quantity, with triangular quantities to balance the design.


51/Inv. No. 486
Black steatite
Pear-shaped signet with flanged conical top;
incised line around the base
H. 2,05. $\phi 1,65$. SH. 0,3

Apessokari (53)
A whirling pattern.


52/Inv. No. 1129
Black steatite
Pear-shaped signet with flanged conical top; incised line around the base; the body of the seal has been engraved with two groups of two circular sinkings, in which some other material was inserted. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
H. 2,12. $\phi 1,44$. SH. 0,22

Vorisa (60)
A triskeles of truncated S-spirals; between them three spurred cup-sinkings.


53/Inv. No. 1071
Black and green serpentine
Pear-shaped signet; incised line around the base; the body of the seal has been engraved with four rectangular sinkings, in which some other material was inserted. Worn
H. 1,95. $\varnothing 1,35$. SH. 0,29

Kali Limiones (51)
A whirling pattern around a central cup-sinking.


54/Inv. No. 1073
Green serpentine
Flattened, truncated conoid; the sides are decorated with two groups of diagonal engraved bands; another band is engraved around the base. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first
L. 2,18. B. 1,80. H. 1,99. SH. 0,24

Kali Limiones (51)
A snake within a border, decorated with small rectangles.



55/Inv. No. 1143
Green and grey steatite
Truncated cone; extensive curved grooving on the body. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first
H. 1,20. $\varnothing 1,34$. SH. 0,24

Kali Limiones (51)
Three centred circles, the outer of which is toothed.


56/Inv. No. 164
Grey marble
Low conoid. Bored horizontally through the central axis. Worn
H. 1,11. $\varnothing 1,35$. SH. 0,36

Mallia (12)
The field is quartered; a chevron in each quarter.


## 57/Inv. No. 1177

Ivory
Conoid. Bored horizontally above the central axis. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 0,85 . B. 0,77 . H. 1,27 . SH. 0,13

Kali Limiones (51)
Two herring-bones joined by a vertical line.


58/Inv. No. 1186
Ivory
Cone with rounded top. Bored horizontally above the central axis. The seal has been
fractured and repaired
L. 0,69 . B. 0,6 . H. 0,71 . SH. $0,1-0,15$

Kali Limiones (51)
Herring-bone and cross-hatching.


59/Inv. No. 144
Yellow clay, hard baked
Horn-shaped. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. 2,37. $\varnothing 1,58$

Sitia (7)
Three arched lines, the one above the other; from the higher spring radial lines, forming a shelllike pattern.



60/Inv. No. 1198
Brown, grey and yellow conglomerate
Conoid. Bored horizontally near the top.
Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,54. B. 1,30. H. 2,01. SH. 0,35

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
Six cup-sinkings within an irregularly disposed triangle, one of whose sides is rendered by a double line; below the triangle three cup-sinkings remain.


61/Inv. No. 163
Green steatite
Signet shape with button characteristics; the knob is ridged. Bored horizontally at the top. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture. Worn H. 1,27. $\phi 1,56$. SH. 0,23

Mallia (12)
Sheep's head surrounded with small radial lines.


62/Inv. No. 1083
Black steatite
Reduced cone. Bored horizontally at the top
H. 1,33. $\varnothing 1,10$. SH. 0,25

Messara
Linear design with central stem.


63/Inv. No. 1214
Brown and black steatite
Pyramidal shape, truncated with rounded corners. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first
L. 0,89 . B. 0,75 . H. 1,1. SH. $0,28-0,20$

Kali Limiones (51)
Within the quadrilateral field a quatrefoil design.


64/Inv. No. 1072
Brown steatite
Signet; the knob bears two engraved lines.
There is one horizontal string hole at the top.
Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
H. 1,76. Ф 1,1. SH. 0,33

Kali Limiones (51)
Two chevrons engaged and crossed by a horizontal line.


65/Inv. No. 1061
Green and brown steatite
Signet, consisting of a cylindrical body and a knob. There is one horizontal string hole at the top. Small parts of the field are lost by fracture
H. 1,50 . $\varnothing 0,82$. SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
An upright bar, off centre, crossed by three others.


66/Inv. No. 1220
Ivory
Tusk section. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first
H. 0,21 . $\phi 0,7-0,95$. SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones (51)
A rhomboid halved; one half plain, the other barred.


67/Inv. No. 1223
Brown steatite
Horn-shaped. There is one horizontal string hole at the top. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. 1,7. $\phi 1,03$. SH. 0,25

Kali Limiones (51)
A linear complex.


68/Inv. No. 1161
Black marble
Horn-shaped; the body has been engraved with three groups of three circular sinkings, in which some other material was inserted.
There are two oblique string holes at the top.
The top is lost by fracture
L. 0,84 . B. 0,68 . H. 2,30. SH. 0,23

Kali Limiones (51)
Four lines, parallel to each other.


69/Inv. No. 166
Red and white veined marble
Truncated cone. There is one horizontal string hole at the top. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
H. 1,46 . $\phi 1,48$. SH. 0,4

Mallia (12)
Within an enclosed circular line are five cupsinkings, two of them spurred; between them an angular line and an arrow.
Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 10 Taf. 5 b.



70/Inv. No. 169
White steatite
Three sided prism. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,30. B. 1,23-1,27. SH. 0,3

Sitia (7)
a) Insect.
b) Toothed swastika.
c) Rayed star or sinking, surrounded by a rayed circle.



## 71/Inv. No. 170

Green and black steatite
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face
on the edge of the stone
L. 1,55 . B. 1,29 . SH. 0,27

Mallia (12)
a) Three goat's heads, divided by vertical lines.
b) Three fish of different species; the middle is inverted to the others.
c) Three men moving to the right; the second and third raise one of their hands.



72/Inv. No. 1323
Yellow and brown steatite
Three sided prism. Parts of two sides are lost by a fracture along the corner
L. 1,19. B. 0,91 . SH. 0,22

Mallia (12)
a) Two jugs between three horn-shaped quantities.
b) Dog running to the left, regardant.
c) Unengraved.

The stone is unfinished.


73/Inv. No. 180
Green steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,29 . B. $0,98-1,02$. SH. 0,26

Mallia (12)

a) Two toothed quantities and a pyramidal object.
b) Part of an animal; unfinished.
c) Unengraved.

The stone is unfinished.


## 74/Inv. No. 1257

Grey and black steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,5 . $\phi 1,13$. SH. 0,29
Plati (17)
Two groups of centred circles divided by a horizontal and two oblique lines.


75/Inv. No. 1282
Grey and green steatite
Button-shape. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
H. 0,83 . $\varnothing 1,26$. SH. 0,25

Vorisa (60)
A centred circle; around it a toothed circle, with inverted triangles in the interstices.


76/Inv. No. 182
Dark green steatite
Cone; decorated with two horizontal bands and two rows of centred circles. There is one horizontal string hole at the top; another one below is a modern engraving. The top is lost by fracture; much worn
H. 1,66. $\phi 1,37$. SH. 0,3

Mallia (12)
In the centre a group of three concentric circles, surrounded by eight smaller centred circles.



77/Inv. No. 1335
Green steatite
Button shape. The top and parts of the field
are lost by fracture
H. 0,7. $\varnothing 1,38$. SH. 0,22

Kamilari (56)
One group of centred circles surrounded by fifteen cup-sinkings irregularly disposed.


78/Inv. No. 159
Grey and green steatite
Button shape
H. 0,85 . $\phi 1,88$. SH. 0,35

Mallia (12)
Three centred circles triangularly placed in the field; between them a leaf vertically disposed and two toothed arcs conjoined; four triangular quantities are used as filling ornaments.



79/Inv. No. 1128
Black marble
Signet with a flanged top. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
H. 1,51. $\varnothing 1,48$. SH. 0,27

Kamilari (56)
Trefoliate pattern with arrow heeds in linear form above a group of centred circles; remains of hatching in the leaves.


80/Inv. No. 1138
Black and brown steatite
Button shape. Parts of the seal are lost by
fracture
H. 1,05. $\varnothing$ 2,0. SH. 0,28

Miamou (49)
Two groups of centred circles; in the field three cup-sinkings.



81/Inv. No. 1242
Green steatite
Discoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 1,12. $\varnothing 1,43$. SH. 0,24
Phästos (57)
Two groups of centred circles; some hatching above and below. On the reverse three great above and below. On the reverse three great
vertical lines and two smaller, probably a later addition.



## 82/Inv. No. 167

Black and green steatite
Discoid. Some surface scaling
TH. 0,71 . $\varnothing 1,58$. SH. 0,34
Messara
Four circles with central cup-sinkings rectangularly disposed.


83/Inv. No. 309
Black and green steatite
Rectangular bead. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
L. 1,65 . B. 1,34 . TH. 0,53 . SH. 0,33

Sitia (7)

a) Two rows of centred circles.
b) Two rows of centred circles.


## 84/Inv. No. 209

Green steatite
Cushion-shape. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
L. 1,54. B. 1,26 . TH. 0,7 . SH. 0,35

Messara
Two centred circles; below a panel with plain hatching.



85/Inv. No. 1276
Green and brown steatite
Lenticular; the greater part of the seal has
been lost by fracture
TH. 0,44 . $\varnothing 1,3$. SH. 0,2
Unknown
A group of centred circles with plain hatching.


86/Inv. No. 294
Black steatite
Lenticular. Much worn
TH. 0,46 . $\varnothing 1,25$. SH. 0,2
Sitia (7)
Three groups of centred circles divided by two quantities of angular hatching above two single parallel base lines; only one circle preserved.


87/Inv. No. 254
Black steatite
Lenticular. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture; worn
TH. 0,65 . $\varnothing 1,62$. SH. 0,23
Mallia (12)
Three groups of centred circles in triangular formation; some cross-hatching in the field; a foliate spray between two groups of the circumference is probably a later addition.


88/Inv. No. 242
Grey steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. $0,4 . \phi 1,13$. SH. 0,24
Mallia (12)
Seven circles with central cup-sinkings around the circumference of the stone; in the centre the remains of another.


89/Inv. No. 273
Grey steatite
Lenticular. Part of the field is lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,52 . $\phi 1,15$. SH. 0,26
Mallia (12)
Two groups of centred circles at the bottom of the field crowned by five smaller groups with a sixth in the centre.


90/Inv. No. 285
Black steatite with white patches
Lenticular. Much worn
TH. 0,44 . $\varnothing 1,35$. SH. $0,17-0,20$
Phästos (57)
The field has been diagonally quartered with one group of centred circles in each quarter; only two circles preserved.


## 91/Inv. No. 1087

Black marble
Theriomorph; a bull's hoof; on each side of the hoof is a centred circle; the cleft is indicated by a vertical line between the circles. There is one horizontal string hole at the top. The top and parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,60 . B. 1,33 . H. 1,80 . SH. 0,2

Kamilari (56)
A shape like a double axe, hatched, between four C-spirals and a triangular quantity.


## 92/Inv. No. 1084

## Brown marble

Calyx-shaped, flattened. There are three string holes, one horizontal above the central and small axis, two others bored down at an angle of $75^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,89 . B. 1,08 . H. 2,10. SH. 0,25

Kali Limiones (51)
A S-spiral with two bifoliate quantities.



93/Inv. No. 1158
Black marble
Conoid, vertically grooved, reduced at top for string loop. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
H. 1,15. $\varnothing 1,40$. SH. 0,26-0,42

Kali Limiones (51)
The body grooving is repeated on the base to form the pattern of a rosette with a deep cupsinking in the middle.


94/Inv. No. 1026
Black marble
Flattened pyramid with rounded corners; at the top a pierced disc. The stone has been fractured, during which parts have been lost L. 0,98 . B. 0,64 . H. 2,32. SH. 0,15

Kali Limiones (51)
Within a frame two cup-sinkings and linked crescents.


95/Inv. No. 1108
Yellow faience
Scarab; parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,55 . B. 1,15 . TH. 0,71 . SH. 0,23

Unknown
Nine groups of centred circles irregularly disposed.


96/Inv. No. 478
Yellow faience, originally glazed
Cowroid
L. 2,05. B. 1,27. H. 0,9. SH. 0,24

Lastros (8)
Bucranium and two unknown quantities, with Cretan rendering of Egyptian signs: That signifying objects with the earth, and that associated with the value ALL, EVERY, EVERYTHING.


97/Inv. No. 1068
White faience
Head of a man. There is one horizontal string
hole above the ears. Much worn
L. 0,95 . B. 0,85 . TH. 0,57 . SH. 0,13

Kali Limiones (51)
A stem with six leaves.


98/Inv. No. 506
White faience
Scarab
L. 1,03 . B. 0,77 . H. 0,33 . SH. 0,2

Tsoutsouros (39)
Man in Egyptian dress standing on a long horned goat.


99/Inv. No. 1333
Bone
-Scarab. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,44 . B. 0,95 . TH. 0,74 . SH. 0,2

Andiskari (50)
Cross-hatching by double lines within a frame.


100/Inv. No. 1121
White steatite
Cylinder. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture. Perhaps a bead
H. 1,15 . $\varnothing 0,78$. SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones (51)
Cross-hatching.


## 101/Inv. No. 1172

White steatite
Cylinder. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture. Perhaps a bead
H. 1,33. $\varnothing 0,75$. SH. 0,23

Lenda (48)
Three vertical bands divided by double lines, filled with horizontal hatching; an eight-leaved branch and a herring-bone.


102/Inv. No. 1122
Yellow faience
Cylinder. Worn. Perhaps a bead
H. 1,28. $\varnothing 0,87$. SH. 0,28

Kali Limiones (51)
Two registers divided by a vertically hatched band; in each register hatched triangles facing each other.


Disc. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
TH. 0,53 . $\varnothing 1,28$. SH. 0,22
Kali Limiones (51)
a) The circular field is quartered, each quarter filled with a triangle, radically hatched.
b) The circular field is obliquely halved, each half filled with a leaf and two buds.


104/Inv. No. 1117
White faience
Scaraboid with a contoured back; half is striated. There is one horizontal string hole through the small axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,28. B. 0,87 . H. 0,69 . SH. 0,29

Kali Limiones (51)
Within an elliptical frame two bands; in one a branch, in the other a hatched triangle.
104/rv.No. 117



105/Inv. No. 1200
White faience
Hemicylinder, striated along the back. There is one horizontal string hole through the long axis. Small parts of the seal are
lost by fracture
L. 1,26 . B. 0,86 . H. 0,56 . SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
Within a frame of double bars three triangles diagonally hatched.


106/Inv. No. 1203
White faience
Reduced scaraboid. Worn
L. 1,2. B. 1,06 . H. 0,43 . SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones (51)
The ellipsoidal field is quartered; chevrons in each quarter covering triangles plain or hatched.


107/Inv. No. 1116
White faience
Two buds antithetically conjoined, one of
which is hatched; an incised line around the base. There is one horizontal string hole through the central and small axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,1. B. 0,78 . H. 0,47 . SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
Within an elliptical frame divided by two lines two bifoliate groups.



108/Inv. No. 1148
White faience
Barrel-shaped with flattened base. There is
one horizontal string hole through the long
axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
one horizontal string hole through the long
axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture L. 1,02 . B. 0,86 . H. 0,64 . SH. 0,32

Kali Limiones (51)
Within an elliptical frame a trefoil and two hatched quantities.



## 109/Inv. No. 1182

White faience
Cowroid; striated ridge at the back. There
is one horizontal string hole. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. $0,52 . \phi 1,17$. SH. 0,22 seal are lost by fracture
H. 0,52 . $\varnothing 1,17$. SH. 0,22
Kali Limiones (51)
The circular field is quartered; two quarters contain a chevron and a hatched triangle, the others hatched segments.



## 110/Inv. No. 1064

White faience
Bud-shaped; three members diverging, the middle bearing incised lines. There is one horizontal string hole through the central and small axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,28. B. 0,92 . H. 0,58 . SH. 0,25

Messara
The ovoid field is divided into three irregular segments; the central contains a trefoil, the two others hatched segments.


111/Inv. No. 1226
White faience
Scarab. Parts of the seal are lost by frac-
ture
L. 1,25 . B. 0,84 . H. 0,55 . SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)
Within the elliptical frame a spray of eight leaves.


112/Inv. No. 143
White faience
Barrel-shaped with flattened base; incised line around the base. There is one horizontal string hole through the long axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,10 . B. 0,80 . H. 0,60 . SH. 0,25

Lenda (48)
Within an elliptical frame a cruciform design with a leaf in each quarter; in the right and left segments triangles with plain hatching.


## 113/Inv. No. 147

Yellow faience
Theriomorph; foreparts of a cat; fur markings are shown by parallel lines; incised line around the base. There is one horizontal string hole between the body of the animal and the base. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,54 . B. 0,94 . H. 0,65 . SH. $0,24-0,30$

Lenda (48)
Within an elliptical frame a quatrefoil design above two barred lines; the exergue is plain hatched.

MIDDLE MINOAN IB-II
Nos. 114-127



114/Inv. No. 1207
Ivory
Prism, four sided; three horizontal grooves all around the body. There is one horizontal string hole through the central axis. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost; worn
L. 1,47 . B. 0,92 . TH. 0,97 . SH. 0,3

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Two groups of two centred circles obliquely disposed, alternatively with double lines.
b) Two groups of two centred circles obliquely disposed between lines.


## 115/Inv. No. 530

Ivory
Hemicylinder. There is one horizontal string hole through the long axis. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 1,42. B. 1,47. TH. 0,78 . SH. 0,3

Lenda (48)
The quadrangular field is divided into two halves; in the upper are three hatched triangles inverted, in the lower two incurved leaves which engage each other to form a spiral complex with small cup-sinkings in the upper and lower corners.



116/Inv. No. 1205
Ivory
Flattened amygdaloid. There is one horizontal string hole through the central and small axis. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; worn
L. 2,23. B. 1,35 . TH. 0,51 . SH. 0,25

Kali Limiones (51)

a) Within the ellipsoidal field two related spirals, emerging into great circles with leaf terminals.
b) Undistinguishable; perhaps two leaves at the edges of the field.


117/Inv. No. 1248
Ivory
Discoid with carination. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,47 . © 1,37. SH. 0,27
Kali Limiones (51)
Two groups of trefoil patterns in reverse position with an oblique line between.


118/Inv. No. 1080
Ivory
Flattened scaraboid without body markings, but incised groove around the base. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 1,57 . B. 1,45 . TH. 0,60 . SH. 0,27

Knossos (24)
Within a frame a S-spiral between two hatched segments.



## 119/Inv. No. 1115

Ivory
Theriomorph; animal seated on a flat irregular base. There are three string holes, one horizontal between the body of the animal and the base, through the small axis, two others bored down at an angle of $30^{\circ}$ to
engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; worn
L. 1,59 . B. 1,86 . TH. 0,68 . SH. 0,15

Kali Limiones ( 51 )
In the centre a cup-sinking within seven smaller cup-sinkings and two circles; this rondel is surrounded by thirteen centred circles.



120/Inv. No. 1295
Ivory
Disc. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
TH. 0,51 . $\phi 1,25$. SH. 0,18
Kali Limiones (51)
Two quatrefoils conjoined and flanked by two other leaves, spurred at both ends.



## 121/Inv. No. 1346

Ivory
Hemispheroid reduced to prismatic shape. There is one horizontal string hole through the central and small axis; parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,85 . B. 1,59 . TH. 0,94 . SH. 0,24

Unknown
a) Inside an ovoid frame of double lines and within three segments, two hatched triangles and two C -spirals conjoined, terminating into leaves.
b) Within a circular frame divided into three segments by two curved lines, a palmette and two hatched segments.
c) Within a circular frame an eight-petal rosette.



122/Inv. No. 1281
Ivory
Quatrefoil-shaped, flattened. There is one horizontal string hole. The half of the seal
is lost by fracture; much worn
L. 1,8 . B. 0,93 . TH. 0,52 . SH. 0,25

Kali Limiones (51)
a) A quatrefoil and a spiral; part of an engraved line on the field.
b) Two C-spirals, one whose terminals are centred circles with some hatching, the other with a centred circle in the middle; in the field remains of a larger circle, hatched.




123/Inv. No. 172
Black marble
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,7. B. $1,55-1,65$. SH. 0,54

Ligortynos (42)
a) Four leaved cross.
b) Triple swastika.
c) Two double lined lozenges which engage each other.



## 124/Inv. No. 466

Green and brown steatite
Three sided prism. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,04. B. 0,89 . $0,95.1,0$. SH. 0,36

Aski (19)
a) Bucranium flanked by two unknown quantities.
b) Two spirals conjoined with an oblique line and two cup-sinkings.
c) Two large headed pins and four smaller objects.



125/Inv. No. 189
Brown steatite
Three sided prism. Parts of the stone are
lost by fracture
L. 1,32 . B. 0,75 . SH. 0,24

Mallia (12)
a) A head of wild goat surrounded by two lines.
b) A dagger supported by two curved lines.
c) Three vessels suspended by a toothed pole.


## 




## 126/Inv. No. 177

Green and black steatite
Three sided prism. Worn
L. 1,24 . B. $0,75-0,8$. SH. 0,35

Lastros (8)
a) Animal (?); this side appears to be re-engraved at a later period.
b) Four S-spirals whose terminals are formed by a cup-sinking; two more cup-sinkings in opposite corners of the field.
c) Remains of three birds.




## 127/Inv. No. 185

Black and green steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,06 . B. $0,7-0,8$. SH. 0,23

Mallia (12)
a) Fleur-de-lis with spiral termination.
b) Trumpet.
c) Stylised insect.

MIDDLE MINOAN II
Nos. 128-129


128/Inv. No. 175
Brown steatite
Four sided prism
L. 1,42. B. $0,55-0,6$. SH. 0,3

Mallia (12)

a) Branch.
b) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.


128/Inv. No. 175
Brown steatite
Four sided prism
L. 1,42. B. 0,55-0,6. SH. 0,3

Mallia (12)
c) Two spirals in reverse position.
d) Two spirals in inverse position from each of which appears a leaf.


129/Inv. No. 157
Green and brown steatite
Hemicylinder; lines diagonally engraved on the back suggest a convolution. There is one horizontal string hole through the long axis
L. 1,17 . B. 0,78 . H. 0,56 . SH. 0,29

Mallia (12)
Two quatrefoils conjoined in reverse position.

MIDDLE MINOAN IIB-IIIA
Nos. 130-141


130/Inv. No. 293
White and brown steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,5 . $\varnothing 0,12$. SH. 0,32
Mallia (12)
Lion's mask.


## 131/Inv. No. 1126

Speckled brown stone
Signet; the top and the knob are hatched H. 1.12. $\Phi 1,02$. SH. 0,25

Messara
Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.


132/Inv. No. 1078
Brown jasper
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,72 . B. 0,88 . SH. 0,28

Elounda (10)

a) Central group of two centred circles flanked by two cat's heads inverted to each other.
b) Two S-spirals tufted with a leaf and a small cup-sinking.


132/Inv. No. 1078
Brown jasper
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,72 . B. 0,88 . SH. 0,28

Elounda (10)
c) Two stars, each enframed in two centred circles and joined by a cup-sinking and crescents inverted to each other.
Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 6 Taf. 1.


## 133/Inv. No. 487

Brown and red mottled agate
Scarab. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,52 . B. 1,18 . H. 0,73 . SH. 0,3

Mallia (12)
Seven conjoined circles, whose intersections form the bases for two quatrefoil patterns.



## 134/Inv. No. 1038

Red and black mottled cornelian
Four sided prism. More than half of the stone is lost by fracture. Two sides are unengraved
L. 0,98 . B. 0,79 . TH. 0,67 . SH. 0,30

Sitia (7)
a) A group of two centred circles flanked by hatched triangles.
b) A circle flanked by three broad lines vertically and diagonally disposed; some hatching in the field.





## 135/Inv. No. 1173

Brown steatite
Three sided prism. The stone has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 1,72 . B. 0,85 . SH. 0,28

Pinakiano (16)
a-c) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.
Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 3 Taf. 2.


## 4 <br> ? <br> 23




136/Inv. No. 168
Green jasper
Four sided prism; each motif is contained within incised lines, some of which on the shorter sides are worn
L. 1,82 . B. 0,68 . SH. 0,37

Lastros (8)

## a-d) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.

Alexiou, Delt. 18 B2, 1963, 310. Kadmos 2, 1963, 80 f., pl. 2.



137/Inv. No. 181
Grey and brown jasper
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,4 . B. 0,96 . SH. 0,32

Unknown
a-c) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.
Platon-Davaras, Delt. 17 B, 1961-62, 283, pl. 348 a. Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 10 ff. Taf. 6.



138/Inv. No. 186
White and grey marble, perhaps subject to fire
Four sided prism. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn

L. 1,5 . B. 0,56 . SH. 0,22

Sitia (7)
a-d) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.


139/Inv. No. 238
Rock crystal
Stalk signet. The stalk and part of the field
are lost by fracture
H. 0,56 . $\varnothing 1,26$

Lastros (8)
A cross diagonally disposed; between the arms are branches and circles alternating.


140/Inv. No. 1332
Red and brown clay
Sealing of triangular shape without traces of attachment
L. 1,4. B. 1,3. H. 0,74

Mallia (12)
Four S-spirals in quadrangular formation enclosing four buds; pendant buds are attached to the spiral heads to give a torsional quality to the motif.


## 141/Inv. No. 1127

Green jasper
Signet; grooves around the knot and the base. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
H. 1,15. $\varnothing 1,04$. SH. 0,27

Prässos (3)
Within a circular border a wild goat moving to the left, regardant.

MIDDLE MINOAN III
Nos. 142-160


142/Inv. No. 219
Green steatite
Cushion-shape. Parts of the stone are lost
by fracture; worn
L. 1,68 . B. 1,25 . TH. 0,42 . SH. 0,24

Mallia (12)
A quartered lozenge, containing groups of centred circles in each segment.


143/Inv. No. 243
Black steatite
Discoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,5. $\varnothing$ 1,41. SH. 0,24
Aphrati (35)
The field is quartered by double lines with another bisecting two of the quarters.


144/Inv. No. 528
Grey and green steatite
Discoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn

TH. 0,5 . $\phi 1,58$. SH. 0,25
Unknown
The field is divided into six segments by two diagonal bands and a third which halves it.


145/Inv. No. 235
Black marble
Lentoid. Part of the back of the stone is lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,44 . $\varnothing 1,38$. SH. 0,2
Messara
Remains of an architectural design or wall façade.


146/Inv. No. 1250
Green serpentine
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture; worn
TH. 0,56. $\varnothing 1,3$. SH. 0,3
Kali Limiones (51)
A debased façade design, consisting of bands in triangular form and cup-sinkings.


147/Inv. No. 269
Black marble
Discoid. Much worn
TH. 0,57 . $\Phi 1,64$. SH. 0,26
Sitia (7)
Architectural design or wall façade, consisting of two crossed bands.


148/Inv. No. 303
White and grey mottled marble
Discoid; two holes at one side. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,81 . $\phi 1,66$. SH. 0,24
Aphrati (35)
Architectural design, consisting of two horizontal and three oblique bands; some hatching in the field.


## 149/Inv. No. 1222

Green and black steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. $0,7 . \phi 1,5$. SH. 0,28
Skinias (37)
One central panel with horizontal band; the field is filled with groups of centred circles.


## 150/Inv. No. 234

Black steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,5 . $\varnothing 1,33$. SH. 0,25
Messara
A pattern of four C-spirals in torsion; cup-sinkings on the edge of the field.


151/Inv. No. 1053
Black serpentine
Discoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,65 . $\phi 1,3$. SH. 0,24
Sisses (65)
Architectural design or wall façade.


152/Inv. No. 241
Black and green marble
Discoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,46 . $\varnothing 1,58$. SH. 0,2 Messara
A debased architectural design, consisting of two horizontal and two oblique bands; some hatching in the field.


153/Inv. No. 1106
Red and yellow banded sard
Discoid
TH. 0,82 . $\phi 1,46$. SH. 0,3
Aïmonas (64)
An axe with a single blade, hatched to the rear; plain and cross hatching surrounds a triangular space at the top and a rhomboidal space below.


## 154/Inv. No. 426

White faience and gold
Scarab, mounted in ancient gold, to be worn on a swivel ring
L. 1,4 . B. 1,0 . H. 0,56 . SH. 0,15

Tsoutsouros (39)
Four groups of centred circles.


## 155/Inv. No. 196

Red and yellow mottled sard
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,4. B. 1,31. TH. 0,86 . SH. 0,34

Kamares (61)
Architectural design or wall façade.


156/Inv. No. 190
Green jasper
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone
L. 1,50 . B. 0,84 . SH. 0,89

Mallia (12)
a) A wild goat climbing to the right; behind it a branch and before a crescent and a toothed centred circle.



156/Inv. Nr. 190
Green jasper
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone
L. 1,50 . B. 0,84 . SH. 0,89

Mallia (12)
b-c) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.
Kadmos 2, 1963, 79 pl. I 1.


157/Inv. No. 198
Obsidian
Discoid. Much worn
TH. 0,78 . $\varnothing 1,77$. SH. $0,3-0,35$
Messara
Architectural design or wall façade.

158/Inv. No. 276
Red, black and white mottled jasper
Discoid. Worn
TH. 0,72. $\phi 1,6$. SH. 0,34
Phästos (57)
Architectural design or wall façade.


159/Inv. No. 1239
Rock crystal
Discoid. Parts of the stone are lost by factare
TH. 0,66 . $\varnothing 1,45$. SH. 0,25
Aster (66)
Architectural design or wall façade, at the top of which two palmettes.


160/Inv. No. 509
Green jasper
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,7 . $\varnothing 1,53$. SH. $0,19-0,28$
Sita (7)
Seven hatched crescents arranged around one central circle.

SECOND TRANSITIONAL PHASE Nos. 161-174


161/Inv. No. 150
Red, green and black banded agate
Hemicylinder, consisting at the back of the foreparts of two lions diagonally joined by a groove; the manes are indicated by fine lines. There is one horizontal string hole through the central and long axis. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
L. 1,43 . B. 0,86 . H. 0,55 . SH. 0,18

Mallia (12)
A bird-man having the legs of an animal, moving to the right. The outline of the field runs over the ends of the stone. Traces of later engraving are apparent in the motif.


## 162/Inv. No. 1060

Red, white and black banded sardonyx
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,58. B. 1,21. SH. 0,18

Ierapetra (9)
Kantharos on a base line with a branch of talismanic character.


## 163/Inv. No. 278

Red and black mottled cornelian
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,91. B. 1,36. TH. 0,73 . SH. $0,15-0,23$

Sitia (7)
A jug between two branches on a double ground line; in the field talismanic lines and above two vegetable sprays, growing towards the jug.


## 164/Inv. No. 284

Red, black and yellow banded cornelian
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture.
TH. $0,07 . \phi 1,44$. SH. 0,3
Sitia (7)
Architectural design of a gate or a doorway with talismanic markings of a star-like quantity, four crescents and cross-hatching.


## 165/Inv. No. 519

Red and white banded sardonyx
Lentoid. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 0,75 . $\varnothing 1,44$. SH. $0,16-0,21$
Malläs (11)
A jug on a base line; a branch and talismanic marks of a cross and two vegetable sprays at the edge of the field.


## 166/Inv. No. 1253

Obsidian
Discoid. Part of the stone is lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,75 . $\phi 1,6$. SH. 0,26
Pombia (54)
a) Wild goat running to the right.
b) Natural fracture of the stone, of which the top cleft has been engraved with the likeness of a dolphin.


167/Inv. No. 1339

## Bronze

Disc. Much corroded
TH. 0,66 . $\phi 1,26$. SH. 0,14
Messara
a-b) Indistinguishable.


168/Inv. No. 266
Black marble
Lentoid. Much worn
TH. 0,59 . $\varnothing 1,87$. SH. 0,25
Knossos (24)
Bull's head to the right.


## 169/Inv. No. 1076

White banded agate
Lenticular. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
TH. 0,60 . $\varnothing 1,30$. SH. 0,16
Messara
Two flying fish antithetically disposed.


170/Inv. No. 246
Black marble
Glandular. Much worn
L. 1,8. B. 1,44. TH. 0,81 . SH. 0,28

Messara
Architectural design of a doorway with a tympanon.


## 171/Inv. No. 316

Grey serpentine
Glandular. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture. The stone was subject to fire
L. 1,72 . B. 1,26 . TH. 0,57 . SH. 0,23

Lastros (8)
Architectural or façade design, consisting of a lozenge within a quadrangular.



## 172/Inv. No. 321

Pink and black banded sardonyx
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,66 . $\phi 1,35$. SH. $0,14-0,16$
Messara
Two flying fish antithetically disposed.


173/Inv. No. 204
Red and grey banded jasper
Cushion-shape, facetted back. Worn
L. 1,08 . B. 0,94 . TH. 0,51 . SH. 0,22

Knossos (24)
A plant motif; talismanic.


174/Inv. No. 239
Red and black mottled cornelian
Lentoid. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 0,45 . $\varnothing 1,1$. SH. 0,2
Lastros (8)
A silphium seed cross-hatched; at one side zigzag pattern of double lines. Talismanic.

LATE MINOAN IA Nos. 175-220


## 175/Inv. No. 250

Red, black and white mottled sard Lenticular
TH. 0,67 . $\varnothing 1,24$. SH. 0,18
Sitia (7)
A foliate spray of talismanic character; engraved lines to the left and right may represent horns of consecration.


176/Inv. No. 257
Rock crystal
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,0 . B. 1,47 . TH. 0,7 . SH. 0,24

Sinda (33)
Two flying fish antithetically disposed with lines between them.


177/Inv. No. 262
Red and yellow banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. The half is lost by fracture
L. 1,96. B. 1,83 . TH. 0,92 . SH. 0,25

Axos (63)
A branch and a headless scorpion; talismanic.


178/Inv. No. 264
Green jasper
Amygdaloid. The half is lost by fracture
L. 0,21 . B. 1,51 . TH. 0,81 . SH. 0,28

Mallia (12)
Five(?) bundles of talismanic character with surrounding zig-zag patterns of double lines; two bundles missing by fracture.


## 179/Inv. No. 205

Green and brown banded agate
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone scaled off TH. 0,66. $\phi 1,71$. SH. 0,26
Messara
Kantharos; around the edge of the stone are four sprays and other marks of talismanic character.


180/Inv. No. 292
Grey and white banded agate
Amygdaloid, facetted back. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; the stone was
subject to fire; much worn
L. 2,45. B. 1,48. TH. 0,89. SH. 0,29

Sitia (7)
Lion's mask.


## 181/Inv. No. 495

Green jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,9. B. 1,34. TH. 1,75. SH. 0,21 .

Garipa (41)
A jug and a vegetable spray of talismanic character emerge from horns of consecration; terminal line at each end of the field.


182/Inv. No. 1044
Red and white mottled sard
Amygdaloid
L. 1,71. B. 1,3. TH. 0,64 . SH. $0,17-0,23$

Sisses (65)
A sepia with two vegetable sprays of talismanic character antithetically disposed.


## 183/Inv. No. 1048

Red and brown banded sardonyx
Lentoid. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 0,64 . $\phi 1,35$. SH. 0,28
Elounda (10)
A jug on a base line between branches; a vegetable spray of talismanic character and some cross-hatching in the field.


184/Inv. No. 201
Grey stone, perhaps jasper
Amygdaloid, facetted back. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; the stone was subject to fire; much worn
L. 2,12. B. 1,17 . TH. 0,68 . SH. 0,25

Lastros (8)
Remains of a design with talismanic character; probable representation of a star and a fish.


185/Inv. No. 1244
Grey jasper
Lentoid
TH. $0,8 . \phi 1,65$. SH. 0,2
Kastelliana (38)
Dog to the right scratching its ear.


186/Inv. No. 213
Rock crystal
Lentoid
TH. 0,5 . $\varnothing$ 1,15. SH. 0,16-0,20
Messara
A fish; on each side of its head a trefoil spray.


187/Inv. No. 255
Rock crystal
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,5. B. 1,27. TH. 0,69 . SH. $0,15-0,25$

Ierapetra (9)
Two fish caught in net, antithetically disposed.


## 188/Inv. No. 221

Red, white and black mottled cornelian
Glandular
L. 1,85 . B. 1,45 . TH. 0,93 . SH. 0,24

Sitia (7)
Talismanic combination of a kantharos and two stars; terminal lines at each end.


## 189/Inv. No. 223

Red, black and yellow banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,35. B. 1,02. TH. 0,6. SH. 0,17.

Lastros (8)
Trefoil of talismanic character springing from a base; oblique lines join the outer leaves to the edge of the stone.



192/Inv. No. 261
Grey sapphirine chalcedony
Cushion-shape. Parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
L. 2,07. B. 1,74 . TH. 0,74 . SH. 0,3

Lastros (8)
Two jugs inverted to each other between branches of talismanic character on a double base line.


## 193/Inv. No. 256

Green jasper
Amygdaloid. The stone has been fractured, during which parts have been lost
L. 2,18. B. 1,45. TH. 0,74 . SH. 0,3

Lastros (8)
Two flying fish antithetically disposed; between them two cup-sinkings.



196/Inv. No. 232
Biack jasper
Lengthened amygdaloid
L. 1,94. B. 1,12. TH. 0,6. SH. 0,24

Sitia (7)
A talismanic sepia, at both ends of which are branches inverted to each other


197/Inv. No. 233
Red and brown mottled sard
Amygdaloid. Part of the stone is lost by
fracture
L. 1,48 . B. 1,26 . TH. 0,64 . SH. 0,22

Sitia (7)
Two talismanic bundles, supporting a branch, leaved at each end.



200/Inv. No. 319
Orange mottled sard
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,64. B. 1,25. TH. 0,56 . SH. $0,15-0,2$

Lastros (8) or Sakro (1)
Talismanic combination of two bundles and a silphium seed.


Red and black mottled sard
Amygdaloid
L. 0,84 . B. 1,34 . TH. 0,75 . SH. 0,19-0,22

Sklavi (4)
A kantharos between the horns of consecration which are foliated; terminal lines at each end. Talismanic.

## 201/Inv. No. 469





## 204/Inv. No. 493

Mottled amethyst
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,74 . B. 1,43 . TH. 0,66 . SH. 0,21

Kapetaniana (46)
Foreparts of fish antithetically disposed (only one preserved); between them a star and linear marks of talismanic character.


## 205/Inv. No. 494

Green serpentine
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,54 . $\varnothing 1,42$. SH. 0,22
Aïmonas (64)
Talismanic bird.


206/Inv. No. 500
Black and green marble
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,58. B. 1,22. TH. 0,64 . SH. 0,24

Choumeri (30)
A trefoliated spray springs from a base; in the exergue angular lines, in the main field plain and cross-hatching.


## 207/Inv. No. 517

Obsidian
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,7 . $\varnothing 1,54$. SH. 0,25
Sklavi (4)
A jug on a base, between vegetable sprays of talismanic character.


208/Inv. No. 1045
Rock crystal
Amygdaloid
L. 1,73. B. 1,22. TH. 0,78 . SH. 0,21

Knossos (24)
A ship, perhaps with talismanic characteristics.


## 209/Inv. No. 1039

Red and black mottled sard
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,97. B. 1,26. TH. 0,7. SH. 0,22

Mallia (12)
Two bundles diagonally displayed between talismanic marks.


## 210/Inv. No. 1042

Red and black mottled sard
Glandular. The half is lost by fracture
L. 1,36. B. 1,2. TH. 0,63. SH. 0,2

Mallia (12)
Two silphium seeds in reverse position with emerging leaves of talismanic character; terminal line at the end of the stone; another line at right angles to the terminal.


## 211/Inv. No. 1051

Green jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
L. 1,63 . B. 1,25 . TH. 0,67 . SH. 0,2

Messara
Two dolphins.


212/Inv. No. 1052
Blue steatite
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn; repolished
L. 2,0. B. 1,48. TH. 0,65 . SH. 0,33

Sakro (1)
Two fish; two engraved marks on the edge of the stone may be the remains of a third.


## 213/Inv. No. 1093

White marble
Lentoid. Much worn
TH. 0,63 . $\varnothing 1,28$. SH. 0,26
Kali Limiones (51)
A talismanic vegetable spray springing from a linear schema of horns of consecration.


## 214/Inv. No. 1100

Green and blue jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,76 . B. 1,27 . TH. 0,58 . SH. $0,15-0,23$

Phästos (57)
A sepia between two talismanic fronds; from the central crescent spring fifteen fine lines.


## 215/Inv. No. 1101

Red and black mottled sard
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,89. B. 1,43. TH. 0,64 . SH. 0,2

Vrysses (67)
Two talismanic bundles on a hatched field.


## 216/Inv. No. 1102

Grey steatite with white patches
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
L. 1,88 . B. 1,23 . TH. 0,52 . SH. 0,22

Mallia (12)
Six cup-sinkings, four of which are carried by three straight members.


217/Inv. No. 1292
White marble
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture; much worn
L. 1,20 . B. 0,95 . TH. 0,5 . SH. 0,28

Kali Limiones (51)
Three fish in triangular formation.


218/Inv. No. 1331
Green jasper
Amygdaloid
L. 1,95 . B. 1,49 . TH. 0,72 . SH. 0,24

Roussochoria (32)
Two bundles of talismanic character; terminal lines at each end.


219/Inv. No. 212
Red and yellow banded sardonyx
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,38 . B. 1,15 . TH. 0,62 . SH. 0,18

Sitia (7)
A talismanic jug with a hatched panel and two terminal lines.


220/Inv. No. 1075
Green jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,70 . B. 1,32 . TH. 0,67 . SH. 0,20

Mallia (12)
Three truncated panels rest upon a base; talismanic hatching in the field; terminal lines at each end.

LATE MINOAN IB
Nos. 221-255


221/Inv. No. 323
Brown glass
Amygdaloid, partly abraded; parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,83 . B. 1,31 . TH. 0,62 . SH. 0,27

Mallia (12)
Two rectangles diagonally displayed side by side with trefoliate sprays between them, perhaps the schema of a butterfly.


## 222/Inv. No. 516

Blue glass
Lentoid
TH. 0,22. $\phi 1,67$. SH. 0,14
Tsoutsouros (39)
The field is diagonally quartered and hatched like a web.


## 223/Inv. No. 512

Red and yellow banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,22. B. 1,6. TH. 0,77. SH. 0,22

Sitia (7)
Ivy leaf and a single bladed axe with short shaft; the sprouting decoration on the blade suggests talismanic character.


## 224/Inv. No. 222

Red and white mottled agate
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,81 . B. 1,45 . TH. 1,04 . SH. 0,25

Messara
Two bucrania inverted to each other with conjoined horns.


225/Inv. No. 197
Red and black mottled sard
Glandular. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
L. 2,15. B. 1,78 . TH. 0,9. SH. 0,2

Messara
A bull to the left between two altars; talismanic crescents are on and before its neck; in front there are angular lines conjoined; terminal lines at each end of the stone.


## 226/Inv. No. 258

Red and yellow banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,47. B. 2,02. TH. 1,0. SH. 0,22

Sitia (7)
Talismanic combination of a kantharos and a bucranium; beneath it two vegetable sprays; cross-hatching at one side.


227/Inv. No. 1054
Red and white banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Small part of the field is lost
by fracture
L. 2,17 . B. 1,54 . TH. 0,84 . SH. 0,2

Smari (21)
A ship trailing a net.
Alexiou, Delt. $20 \mathrm{~B}_{3}, 1965,551$.


228/Inv. No. 249
Pink and black banded agate
Lengthened amygdaloid, facetted back
L. 2,02. B. 0,95 . TH. 0,78 . SH. $0,2-0,25$

Messara
Lion seated to the left: a tree behind.


229/Inv. No. 490
Haematite
Amygdaloid, facetted back. Parts of the
field are lost by fracture; worn
L. 2,15. B. 1,16. TH. 0,68 . SH. $0,18-0,2$

Sitia (7)
Lion seated to the right; a branch above.


230/Inv. No. 527
Bronze
Glandular
L. 1,55 . B. 1,2 TH. 0,65 . SH. 0,27

Mochos (13)
Lion moving to the right on a ground line.


## 231/Inv. No. 1074

Green jasper
Amygdaloid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
L. 1,92. B. 1,37. TH. 0,72. SH. 0,20

Kalo Chorio (34)
A design of talismanic character, consisting of intersecting lines forming conjoined heart shaped forms and apexes; a large cup-sinking in the centre; the whole is vertically hatched.


## 232/Inv. No. 270

Red and black mottled jasper
Amygdaloid; parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,81 . B. 1,38 . TH. 0,77 . SH. 0,17

Lastros (8)
Fish and sea plants moving in the water.


233/Inv. No. 298
Haematite
Lengthened amygdaloid, facetted back.
Worn.
L. 1,85 . B. 0,95 . TH. 0,5. SH. 0,18

Sitia (7)
Man with a dagger attacks a lion.
Alexiou, Delt. 19 B ${ }_{3}, 1964,438$.


## 234/Inv. No. 488

Brown and green jasper
Amygdaloid
L. 2,08 . B. 1,46 . TH. 0,74 . SH. 0,26

Choumeri (30)
Two ivy leaves; between them an inverted branch; probably of talismanic character.



235/Inv. No. 1345
Green jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,0. B. 1,41 . TH. 0,62 . SH. 0,26

Mallia (12)
Octopus in talismanic idiom; plain and cross hatching between the tentacles.


## 236/Inv. No. 279

Green and grey mottled jasper
Amygdaloid. Small parts of the stone are
lost by fracture
L. 1,95 . B. 1,51 . TH. 0,73 . SH. 0,2

Aimonas (64)
A bucranium between two branches; above it a portcullis.
Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 9 f. Taf. 5 a.


## 237/Inv. No. 277

Red and black mottled cornelian
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,18. B. 1,54. TH. 0,75 . SH. 0,21

Messara
A talismanic combination of a jug, three bundles, one included and partly hidden and a silphium seed on a ground line; above the two upright bundles part of a fence.


## 238/Inv. No. 202

Green and black banded jasper
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,86 . B. 1,21 . TH. 1,65 . SH. 0,25

Messara
Two undulating lines surround a circle; the interstice is plain hatched; from the outer crescents spring groups of vegetable sprays of talismanic character.


## 239/Inv. No. 479

Red, white and black banded agate
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,9. B. 1,48 . TH. 0,76. SH. 0,22-0,3

Tsoutsouros (39)
A talismanic complex of a pod filled with cross-
hatching, supported by horizontal panels filled
with plain hatching, the alternative undersides
of which are curved to shelter a growing shoot.
There are covering lines at the top and bottom
A talismanic complex of a pod filled with cross-
hatching, supported by horizontal panels filled
with plain hatching, the alternative undersides
of which are curved to shelter a growing shoot.
There are covering lines at the top and bottom
A talismanic complex of a pod filled with cross-
hatching, supported by horizontal panels filled
with plain hatching, the alternative undersides
of which are curved to shelter a growing shoot.
There are covering lines at the top and bottom
A talismanic complex of a pod filled with cross-
hatching, supported by horizontal panels filled
with plain hatching, the alternative undersides
of which are curved to shelter a growing shoot.
There are covering lines at the top and bottom
A talismanic complex of a pod filled with cross-
hatching, supported by horizontal panels filled
with plain hatching, the alternative undersides
of which are curved to shelter a growing shoot.
There are covering lines at the top and bottom of the field.



240/Inv. No. 1139
Haematite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,57 . $\phi 1,49$. SH. 0,15
Knossos (24)
Two boars in reverse position one behind the other on a ground line.


## 241/Inv. No. 1103

Grey and brown marble
Amygdaloid; two abrasions on the reverse.
Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,85 . B. 1,30 . TH. 0,65 . SH. 0,2

Rodopou (68)
Two bundles conjoined with a kantharos body; talismanic crescents at each end.


Yellow and red banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 2,10. B. 1,43. TH. 0,71 . SH. 0,23

Kanli Kastelli (29)
A talismanic jug, an ivy leaf and a branch with terminal lines at each end of the stone.

## 242/Inv. No. 1152




## 243/Inv. No. 271

Red and black banded sard
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,84. B. 1,35 . TH. 0,74 . SH. 0,32

Sitia (7)
A jug between one vegetable spray inverted and a large trefoliate quantity of talismanic character on an underhatched base; sporadic cross-hatching in the field.


244/Inv. No. 312
Red and black mottled sard
Amygdaloid
L. 1,87 . B. 1,43 . TH. 0,77 . SH. 0,32

Sitia (7)
A bird to the left on a ground line between a branch and a talismanic group of fronds.



## 245/Inv. No. 274

Red, white and black mottled cornelian
Lentoid
TH. 0,59 . $\varnothing 1,26$. SH. 0,2
Messara
Wounded wild goat to the left on a hatched base;
between its legs a vegetable spray.


246/Inv. No. 288
Haematite
Amygdaloid, facetted back. Part of the field is lost by fracture
L. 1,97 . B. 1,16 . TH. 0,85 . SH. 0,17

Mochos (13)
Two water birds to the right, one standing, the other about to fly; from the water spring two clumps of reeds, a third is indicated between the birds.


## 247/Inv. No. 1283

Green and black banded jasper
Amygdaloid. Worn
L. 1,85 . B. 1,40 . TH. 0,68 . SH. 0,2

Aphrati (35)
Two talismanic bundles springing from one crescent and crowned by two others; angular lines in the field; terminal toothed bands at each end.



## 248/Inv. No. 1040

Green jasper
Flattened amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,95 . B. 1,41 . TH. 0,57 . SH. 0,25

Skalani (22)
Seated griffin to the right with wings displayed.


## 249/Inv. No. 1293

Red and black banded sard
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture; worn
TH. 0,67 . $\varnothing 1,47$. SH. 0,23
Kastelliana (38)
A debased version of two talismanic bundles on a lined base; a detached crescent in the upper part of the field is hatched.


250/Inv. No. 1258
Green jasper
Amygdaloid
L. 1,87 . B. 1,36 . TH. 0,72 . SH. 0,3

Unknown
A talismanic combination of a kantharos and a sepia; toothed bands at each end.


## 251/Inv. No. 1233

Green jasper
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,7. B. 1,29 . TH. 0,73 . SH. 0,14

Aphrati (35)
A talismanic motif of a triangle divided by a horizontal band; at the apex of the triangle three crescents forming an undulating line ending in two small circles; from the central crescent springs a line at the top of which is a third circle; terminal bands at each end.



## 252/Inv. No. 217

Red, white and black mottled cornelian
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,54 . $\varnothing 1,12$. SH. 0,15
Sitia (7)
Complex of talismanic fronds.


## 253/Inv. No. 308

Black marble
Flattened amygdaloid. Parts of the stone
are lost by fracture; much worn
L. 1,9 . B. 1,37 . TH. 0,5 . SH. 0,23

Messara
The remains of a talismanic complex consisting of lines and bands.


254/Inv. No. 1217
Grey steatite
Three sided prism bead with amygdaloid
faces. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture;
worn
L. 1,78 . B. 1,12 . H. 1,0 . SH. 0,25

Messara

a) Schema of a lion's mask.
b) A cup-sinking with remains of radial members within a lozenge.


254/Inv. No. 1217
Grey steatite
Three sided prism bead with amygdaloid faces. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture;
worn
L. 1,78 . B. 1,12. H. 1,0 . SH. 0,25

Messara
c) Cup-sinking between crossed double lines.


## 255/Inv. No. 1342

Grey steatite
Flattened amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
L. 1,84. B. 1,45. TH. 0,5. SH. 0,22

Sklavi (4)
A debased version of the double axe with sporadic hatching; a talismanic stone.

LATE MINOAN II
Nos. 256-264


## 256/Inv. No. 1030

White, brown, blue and yellow banded agate
Lentoid; parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,78 . $\varnothing 1,9$. SH. 0,19
Elounda (10)
A bull approaches a cow; both of them are moving to the right.


## 257/Inv. No. 299

Red jasper
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
TH. 0,66 . $\varnothing 1,78$. SH. 0,18
Mallia (12)
Two birds to the right, one in flight, the other looking upwards; in the field representations of a sea anemone or flying seed and papyrus.


258/Inv. No. 1097
Haematite
Lenticular. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,09 . B. 0,94 . TH. 0,57 . SH. 0,16

Kousse (55)
Lion seated to the right, regardant; a tree behind.


259/Inv. No. 1338
Dark grey stone with patches (Meteorite?)
Lentoid carinated. Parts of the stone are
lost by fracture
TH. 0,87 . $\varnothing 1,97-1,80$. SH. 0,3
Tsoutsouros (39)
A lioness attacking a bull to the right.


260/Inv. No. 220
Haematite
Lentoid. Part of the field is lost by fracture
TH. 0,48 . $\varnothing 1,26$. SH. 0,16
Krassi (14)
Flying bird.


261/Inv. No. 227
Haematite
Lentoid. The greater part is lost by fracture
TH. 0,73 . $\phi 2,03$. SH. 0,22
Knossos (24)
A wild goat moving to the left.


## 262/Inv. No. 282

White, grey and yellow banded agate
Lentoid. The half of the stone is lost by
fracture
TH. 0,94 . $\phi 2,27$. SH. 0,18
Axos (63)
A quadruped moving to the left, attacked by a lion.


263/Inv. No. 1089
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture
TH. 0,89 . $\varnothing 1,96$. SH. 0,24
Unknown
A stag running to the right.


264/Inv. No. 1326
Haematite
Lentoid reduced on both faces. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 0,73 . $\phi 1,95$. SH. 0,22
Sokarras (43)
Wild goat running to the left on a ground line; above to the rear a branch.


LATE MINOAN IIIA
Nos. 265-274


265/Inv. No. 1340
Red mottled sard with black patches
Lentoid. Small part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. $0,8 . \otimes 1,87-1,73$. SH. 0,2
Sklavi (4)
Two water birds to the right about to fly; the water is indicated by an irregularly shaped band.


266/Inv. No. 497
Red, black and yellow banded cornelian
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,61 . $\phi 1,57$. SH. $0,2-0,26$
Lastros (8)
A seated griffin to the left regardant; a trefoliate spray behind.


267/Inv. No. 251
Red, white and blue mottled agate
Lentoid carinated. Parts of the stone are
lost by fracture
TH. 0,64 . $\varnothing 1,48$. SH. 0,25
Assimi (45)
Bull to the right, head lowered; an indistinguishable object above.


268/Inv. No. 307
Red sard with black markings
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,73 . $\varnothing 1,74-1,87$. SH. $0,19-0,25$
Sitia (7)
A bull running to the right, regardant. There is a ground line.


269/Inv. No. 315
Grey serpentine
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
TH. 0,6 . $\phi 1,73$. SH. 0,24
Messara
A stag to the right.


270/Inv. No. 1344
Blue glass
Lentoid. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture; much worn and decayed
TH. 0,45 . $\varnothing 1,53$. SH. 0,2
Sklavi (4)
Wild goat to the left in talismanic idiom.


271/Inv. No. 199
Grey steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture: much worn
L. 1,65. B. 1,5. TH. 0,4. SH. 0,26

Messara
An overall design of centred circles.


272/Inv. No. 1240
Green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,75 . $\varnothing 1,77$. SH. 0,28
Knossos (24)
Cow to the right bending down, perhaps to a calf; a branch below.


273/Inv. No. 1099
Grey steatite
Lentoid. Much worn
TH. 0,56 . $\varnothing 1,74$. SH. 0,25
Avdou (15)
Wild goat moving to the right.


## 274/Inv. No. 1357

Green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,48 . $\phi 1,64$. SH. 0,34
Phästos (57)
Lion seated to the left, regardant.

LATE MINOAN IIIA ${ }_{2}$
Nos. 275-297


275/Inv. No. 1347
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,55 . $\phi 1,71$. SH. 0,22
Atsipades (44)
Two bulls moving to the right, one of which is regardant.


276/Inv. No. 1027
Green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,66 . $\phi 1,32$. SH. 0,37
Knossos (24)
Seated lion to the left, regardant; behind it the foreparts of a wild goat to the right.


277/Inv. No. 1343
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,54 . $\phi 1,54$. SH. 0,24
Atsipades (44)
A lion moving to the left, regardant.


278/Inv. No. 503
Brown and grey steatite
Lenticular. Part of the field is lost by frac-
ture
TH. 0,55 . $\varnothing 1,33$. SH. 0,21
Kapetaniana (46)
Running bull to the left, wounded by a javelin.


## 279/Inv. No. 1043

Grey and green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture; much worn
TH. 0,65 . $\phi 1,35$. SH. 0,24
Mallia (12)
Lion moving to the right.


280/Inv. No. 302
Green steatite
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by
fracture; much worn
TH. 0,51 . $\varnothing 1,4$. SH. 0,27
Lastros (8)
Bull moving to the right.


281/Inv. No. 320
Green serpentine
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
TH. $0,69 . \phi 1,77$. SH. 0,32
Aphrati (35)
Bull running to the left.


282 Inv. No. 203
Green steatite
Lentoid. Much worn
TH. 0,64 . $\phi 1,75$. SH. 0,22
Knossos (24)
Two lions, one behind the other. Later rough lines scored at right angles.


## 283/Inv. No. 1094

Green serpentine
Lentoid. Part of the stone is lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,52 . $\varnothing 1,53$. SH. 0,25
Phortetsa (25)
a) Griffin seated to the right.
b) Woman en face with outstretched hands.

This motif is later, engraved after the fracture.


284/Inv. No. 304
Green mottled serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,73 . $\phi 0,24$. SH. 0,32
Lastros (8)
Stag moving to the left; before it a tree.


285/Inv. No. 268
Green serpentine
Lentoid. The back is lost by fracture
TH. 0,45 . $\varnothing 1,78$. SH. 0,27
Knossos (24)
A lion holds a stag in its mouth.


286/Inv. No. 1090
Grey and green steatite
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
TH. 0,68 . $\phi 1,55$. SH. 0,22
Rotassi (40)
Dog to the right, regardant.


287/Inv. No. 1151
Grey and green serpentine
Lentoid
TH. 0,89 . $\varnothing 1,83$. SH. 0,28
Messara
Griffin to the left, with wings displayed; behind a trefoil branch.


288/Inv. No. 1091
Green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture
TH. 0,84 . $\varnothing 1,97$. SH. 0,26
Messara
Wild goat to the left.


289/Inv. No. 200
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,6 . $\varnothing 1,69$. SH. 0,27
Messara
Dog running to the right.


290/Inv. No. 1287
Black marble
Lentoid. Worn
TH. 0,75 . $\phi 1,77$. SH. 0,28
Embaros (36)
Bird-woman with wings displayed.


291/Inv. No. 267
Grey and green serpentine
Lentoid. The half of the field is lost by
fracture; much worn
TH. 0,6 . $\varnothing 1,91$. SH. 0,29
Messara
The remains of two bulls antithetically disposed.


292/Inv. No. 1047
Green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,65 . $\varnothing 1,85$. SH. $0,37-0,47$
Messara
Wild goat moving to the left.


293/Inv. No. 290
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. $0,7 . \phi 1,1$. SH. 0,25
Vonni (30)
Two lions in the attendant position; the center figure has been engraved in modern times completely concealing some other figure which had been worn away; the original figure may have been the Master of animals.

Alexiou, Delt. $18 \mathrm{~B}_{2}, 1963,310 ; 19 \mathrm{~B}_{3}, 1964,438$.


294/Inv. No. 1098
Grey and black steatite
Lentoid. The half of the field is lost by
fracture; worn
TH. 0,63 . $\varnothing$ 2,16. SH. 0,35
Phortetsa (25)
Wild goat moving to the right: before it an animal's leg; between the feet of the animal a branch.



## 295/Inv. No. 260

Grey and green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,69 . $\varnothing 1,95$. SH. 0,33
Knossos (24)
Mistress of animals to the left, attended by two couchant lions vertically displayed; engraved quantities by the head of the goddess may derive from the snake frame.


296/Inv. No. 1088
Grey steatite
Lentoid
TH. 0,74 . $\varnothing 1,37$. SH. 0,3
Tsoutsouros (39)
Stag running to the left, wounded by a javelin;
the body appears to be banded.


297/Inv. No. 1245
Red jasper
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn; the stone was subject to fire
TH. 0,57 . $\varnothing 1,62$. SH. 0,2 .
Sokarras (43)
Wild goat moving to the left.

LATE MINOAN IIIB
Nos. 298-323


298/Inv. No. 224
Green and grey steatite
Lentoid
TH. 0,59 . $\varnothing 1,4$. SH. 1,32
Messara
Flying bird.


299/Inv. No. 1355
Grey and green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,59 . $\phi 1,78$. SH. 0,25
Knossos (24)
Animal moving to the left, regardant.


## 300/Inv. No. 1349

Black and green steatite
Lentoid. Worn
TH. 0,53 . $\phi 1,6$. SH. 0,24
Choumeri (30)
Wounded bull moving to the left.


## 301/Inv. No. 208

Grey and white steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture
TH. 0,55 . $\varnothing 1,35$. SH. 0,25
Messara
Remains of engraving of an animal, with later re-engraving of four cup-sinkings and two groups of centred circles.


302/Inv. No. 1353
Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,72 . $\varnothing 1,8$. SH. 0,22
Spilia (23)
Lion seated to the right holding an animal in its mouth.


303/Inv. No. 226
Black steatite
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,58 . $\phi 1,67$. SH. 0,28
Messara
A wild goat moving to the left.


304/Inv. No. 314
Black steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,65 . $\varnothing$ 2,0. SH. 0,31
Knossos (24)
Two lions attend the sacred column.


## 305/Inv. No. 291

Grey serpentine
Lentoid. The stone has been fractured during which parts have been lost
TH. 0,7 . $\varnothing 1,78$. SH. 0,33
Knossos (24)
Bull seated to the left; a branch above.


306/Inv. No. 225
Black steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,82 . © 2,3. SH. 0,3
Sitia (7)
A lion moving to the right; a branch above.


307/Inv. No. 1351
Green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,61. $\phi$ 2,05. SH. 3,02
Roussochoria (32)
Woman to the right with a rampant animal.


## 308/Inv. No. 245

Grey and black steatite
Lentoid. Part of the stone is lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,55 . $\phi 1,68$. SH. 0,3
Messara
A wild goat moving to the left.


309/Inv. No. 263
Grey and green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,59. $\phi$ 1,77. SH. 0,34
Aphrati (35)
A wild goat moving to the left.


## 310/Inv. No. 504

Grey and green steatite
Lentoid
TH. 0,66 . $\phi 1,67$. SH. 0,36
Knossos (24)
Wounded lion to the left, regardant.


## 311/Inv. No. 311

Green serpentine
Lentoid, carinated. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,75 . $\varnothing 1,63$. SH. 0,32
Sitia (7)
Animal moving to the right with a sacral shield and five cup-sinkings above; between its legs two vertical lines, perhaps the trunk of a tree.


## 312/Inv. No. 300

Grey steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,65 . $\phi 1,75$. SH. 0,3
Lastros (8)
A lion attacking an animal, perhaps a bull.


313/Inv. No. 1234
Green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,6 . $\varnothing 1,8$. SH. 0,3
Tylissos (26)
A griffin moving to the left.


314/Inv. No. 252
Green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,53 . $\varnothing 1,75$. SH. 0,3
Knossos (24)
A debased design of a bird (?).


## 315/Inv. No. 244

Green serpentine
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture
TH. 0,57 . $\varnothing 2,0$. SH. 0,35
Sinda (33)
A wild goat moving to the right.



## 316/Inv.No. 228

Grey and black steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,57. $\varnothing 1,55$. SH. 0,3
Messara
Probably the remains of a design of sacral shields and knots on a hatched exergue. The motif has been subject to later engraving.


317/Inv. No. 520
Black marble
Lentoid, carinated. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,74 . $\phi 1,9$. SH. 0,34
Unknown
Bull moving to the right; a branch above.


318/Inv. No. 1037
Grey and green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,46 . $\phi 1,47$. SH. 0,3
Phästos (57)
Seated griffin to the left, regardant.


319/Inv. No. 1041
Grey steatite
Lentoid. Worn
TH. 0,62 . $\varnothing 1,48$. SH. 0,3
Amariano (18)
Lion moving to the right, regardant; above it a rayed quantity.


320/Inv. No. 1092
Green and brown steatite
Lentoid abraded. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,52 . $\phi 1,81$. SH. 0,27
Mallia (12)
Indistinguishable; two cup-sinkings and a hatched curved line.


## 321/Inv.No. 206

White and grey steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,64 . $\varnothing 1,45$. SH. 0,22
Kastelli (20)
A wild goat running to the right; a tree behind; a scored mark made later over the body of the animal.


## 322/Inv. No. 211

Green steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; worn
TH. 0,43 . $\varnothing 1,38$. SH. 0,23
Messara
A stag moving to the right.


## 323/Inv. No. 218

## Black marble

Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by frac-
ture; much worn
TH. 0,52 . $\varnothing 1,56$. SH. 0,27
Messara
The remains of an animal to the left; perhaps of the cow and calf motif.

LATE MINOAN IIIB - IRON AGE No. 324


324/Inv. No. 1081
Grey steatite
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture; much worn
TH. 0,55 . $\phi 1,67$. SH. 0,30
Malläs (11)

a) The motif is incoherent through re-engraving. Perhaps a debased copy of a talismanic motif. b) A cross with a cup-sinking on each quarter. The design is probably contemporary with the alteration on side A, already worn.

# GEMMAE DUBITANDAE 

## Nos. 1 D-58 D

The term Gemmae Dubitandae is used to classify those stones whose relationship with extant Minoan and Mycenaean seals and sealings is still a matter for conjecture. In no case, on present evidence from the range of Minoan and Mycenaean subjects, style or technique, can they be wholly accepted or completely rejected. Further evidence may, in this matter, become decisive. Until that time it seemed proper to publish them in this way. Their present classification, however, is not due to the predilection or prejudice of the authors. In all cases, there was some element in subject, style or technique which appears to be inconsistent with the received body of Aegean glyptic.


## 1 D/Inv. No. 1025

Ivory
Pyramid section. There are three string holes, one bored obliquely near the apex,
two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ holes, one bored obliquely near the apex,
two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first
L. 2,64. B. 1,25. H. 3,41. SH. 0,17

Lenda (48)
An overall meander pattern consisting of double lined squares with a single diagonal in alternation.
Comment: The pattern is not overall, a gap being at one edge of the seal, nor the diagonals in alternation. There is also a containing line.



## 2 D/Inv. No. 534

Bone
Shoulder (epomion)-shaped. There is one string hole at the top
L. 3,67. B. 2,14. H. 2,1I. SH. 0,19

Lenda (48)
The field consists of three panels cross and diagonally hatched; in the centre a circle radially hatched; the whole bisected by two diagonal lines.

Comment: The hatching is broken by cross lines and the central rondel is indifferently hatched; the string hole is exceptionally small.


## 3 D/Inv. No. 1142

Ivory
Truncated conoid, hexagonal in shape with rounded shoulders; engraved lines around three sides; hollow inside. There is one horizontal string hole higher than the central axis. The seal has been fractured during which parts have been lost.
L. 2,27. B. 2,14. H. 2,36. SH. 0,23

Kali Limiones (51)
An eight-petals rosette surrounded by chevrons.
Comment: The petals are irregularly carved and placed; the use of chevrons belongs to a phase later than the shape of the seal.


4 D/Inv. No. 1188
Ivory
Human-shaped; a man in a long robe. There are three string holes, one bored horizontally above the ears, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. The seal has been fractured during which parts have been lost.
L. 1,6. B. 0,95 . H. 3,23. SH. 0,16

Kali Limiones (51)
A foliate design.
Comment: Against the characteristics of the face which suggest a sophistication alien to this period, the motif irregularly placed and crudely engraved is inconsistent.



## 5 D/Inv. No. 544

Bone
Section of a tusk, flattened and grooved at the back; on one side two double lines above and below connected by two diagonals. There is one horizontal string hole in the upper part of the seal, through the smaller axis
L. 2,0. B. 0,74 . H. 3,2. SH. 0,2

Lenda (48)
Four bands in $V$-formation.
Comment: In contrast with the shape and linear decoration, the rough engraving of the motif is inconsistent.



## 6 D/Inv. No. 1330

Ivory
Reduced cylinder with hammer-headed top. There is one horizontal string hole through the head. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
H. 2,47. $\varnothing 1,08$. SH. 0,2

Andiskari (50)
Perhaps a man to the right, holding two indistinguishable objects.
Comment: In contrast with the elegance of the shape the engraving of the motif is contradictory.


## 7 D/Inv. No. 1032

White faience
Theriomorph; seated lion. There are three string holes, one horizontal through the belly, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 2,50. B. 1,19. H. 1,30. SH. 0,32

Kali Limiones (51)
Within a rectangular frame there are two panels; one contains a quatrefoil and a hatched band, the other another quatrefoil and two hatched bands.

Comment: The overdetailed modelling of the lion as the position of its head suits the traces of coarse colouring of the faience, but is in great contrast with the rude simplicity of the motif.
Alexiou, Delt. $20 \mathrm{~B}_{3}, 1965,551$.




8D/Inv. No. 476
Green steatite
Three sided prism. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,37. B. 1,36 . SH. 0,33

Choumeri (30)
a) Man moving to the right.
b) Goat running to the right.
c) A vase and an implement.

Comment: The inconsistency in the style of the forms and in their relationship with each other becomes forms and in their relationship with each other becomes
apparent when the style of the motifs of the accepted three sided prisms of this age is considered. The goat runs like a dog.
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9 D/Inv. No. 1297
Ivory
Conoid. There are three string holes, one horizontal lower than the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. The greater part of the seal is lost by fracture
L. 1,91 . B. 0,64 . H. 1,97 . SH. 0,2

Kali Limiones (51)
An eight-petaled hatched rosette; cup-sinkings at the edge of the seal.
Comment: If the design of the motif is developed on the basis of the position of the existing petals, the remaining interstices will be found greater in size than the two now given.


10 D/Inv. No. 1218
Ivory
Reduced cylinder. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost. There is one horizontal string hole lower than the central axis
H. 1,2. $\varnothing 1,06$. SH. 0,26

Kali Limiones (51)
a) Perhaps an insect.


10 D/Inv. No. 1218
Ivory
Reduced cylinder. The seal has been fractured, during which parts have been lost.
There is one horizontal string hole lower than the central axis
H. 1,2. $\varnothing 1,06$. SH. 0,26

Kali Limiones (51)
b) The field is quartered and hatched outside.

Comment: The confusion in the character of the motifs has spread to the engraving of them.



11 D/Inv. No. 1202
Ivory
Section of a tusk, flattened and grooved on one side. There are three string holes, one horizontal higher than the central axis, two others bored down at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to engage the first. Small parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 2,39. B. 1,06. H. 2,55. SH. 0,3

Kali Limiones (51)


Within the quadrangular field two S-spirals, the one close to the other, surrounded by hatching.
Comment: The motif of spirally conjoined leaves normally occurs later than the use of the shape of the seal; it is also too small for the field and the attempt to fill the space by a rectangular frame increases its inconsistency.



12 D/Inv. No. 191
Brown and black steatite
Three sided prism. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
L. 1,77. B. 1,36. SH. 0,3

Sitia (7)
a) A man seated to the left before an animal; a branch above.
b) Two seated dogs antithetically disposed.
c) Two goats antithetically disposed, one of them suckling her kid.
Comment: The style of the forms on each side, as their arrangement is inconsistent with work on three sided prisms.




## 13 D/Inv. No. 1086

## Brown steatite

Three sided prism. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,27. B. 1,28. SH. 0,35

Kastelli (20)
a) Seated man.
b) A dog to the right, regardant.
c) Two jugs.

Comment: The inconsistency in the style of the forms and their relationship with each other becomes apparent when the style of the motifs of the accepted three sided prisms of this age is considered.



14 D/Inv. No. 1118
Brown steatite with white patches
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,46. B. 1,12. SH. 0,30

Mallia (12)
a) The foreparts of two dogs conjoined in reverse position; before their heads a triangular spurred quantity.
b) A bucranium flanked by two heads of goats inverted to each other.
c) A man moving to the right.

Comment: The inversion of the goats' heads on side b) and the triangular spurred quantities on a) are unusual; the line engraved round the edges of the prism is not true. An embarras de richesse.



## 15 D/Inv. No. 1085

Black and green steatite
Theriomorph; bull's hoof; the cleft is indicated by a vertical line. There is one horizontal string hole at the top
L. 1,72. B. 1, 23. H. 2,08. SH. 0,25

Phästos (57)
Two S-spirals divided by a band which is the continuation of the cleft.
Comment: The cleft is not central; although the shape of the hoof is naturalistic, the main axis of the shin is too vertical (cf. No. 91); the S-spirals are irregular and badly engraved.


16 D/Inv. No. 1252
Grey and brown steatite
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each
face along the edge of the stone. Small
parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,16. B. 1,05. SH. 0,24

Mallia (12)
a) Two men moving to the right.
b) Three goat's heads.


16 D/Inv. No. 1252
Grey and brown steatite
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,16. B. 1,05. SH. 0,24

Mallia (12)
c) Sheep's head.

Comment: The technique of the engraving of sides a) and b) suggests methods unusual in the Middle Minoan age; the engraved line round the edge of the stone is uneven.


17 D/Inv. No. 1082
Brown steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,08 . B. 1,15 . SH. 0,37

Mallia (12)
a) A man with a bow to the right.


17 D/Inv. No. 1082
Brown steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,08. B. 1,15. SH. 0,37

Mallia (12)

b) Two insects.
c) Croix pommée with intersecting lines.

Comment: The motif on side a) suggests an anachronism in the make of the bow.



18 D/Inv. No. 1031
Brown and green steatite with a white slip.
Brown and green steatite with a white slip.
Human head. There is one horizontal string hole through the ears
L. 1,08 . B. 1,0 . H. 1,10. SH. 0,23

Kali Limiones (51)
Within an elliptical frame a quatrefoil between hatched segments.

Comment: The material and facial characteristics are unusual for the earlier phases of the Middle Minoan age; while the style of the motif is good, the technique is too heavy. ternat


## 19 D/Inv. No. 1221

White faience
Disc, whose body is obliquely hatched
H. 0,6 . $\varnothing 1,05$. SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)
The double-lined circular field is quartered; in two of the segments a palmette, in the other two hatched chevrons.
Comment: The engraving of the body hatching and of the palmettes contrasts unfavourably with that of the lined segments. These with the palmettes are ill-matched and show a right hand bias.



## 20 D/Inv. No. 1216

White faience
Theriomorph; a seated animal of composite form. There is one horizontal string hole through the belly
L. 1,3 . B. 0,85 . H. 1,0 . SH. 0,18

Kali Limiones (51)
Within an elliptical frame there are three segments made by double lines; within the middle segment a diagonal line and two buds, in the others hatched triangles.

Comment: Both shape and motif appear to be too complicated for the earlier phases of the Middle Minoan age.


21 D/Inv. No. 1159
Black steatite
Theriomorph; animal's foot; the toes are indicated by vertical grooves. There is one horizontal string hole at the top. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,02 . B. 0,88 . H. 1,32 . SH. 0,22

Kali Limiones (51)


Five lines spread outwards from the heel, ending with an horizontal line; at both sides angled hatching.

Comment: A comparison with the Phästos sealing (ASAtene 35-36, 1957-58, p. 68 Nr. 31, fig. 96) suggests a derivation, as do the size and condition of the string hole and surface of the stone.


22 D/Inv. No. 1358
Black steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,44 . B. 1,15. H. 1,1. SH. 0,26

Kamilari (56)
a) An insect.


22 D/Inv. No. 1358
Black steatite
Three sided prism
L. 1,44 . B. 1,15 . H. 1,1. SH. 0,26 Kamilari (56)

b) A foliate design ending in a spiral and two triangular quantities.
c) A trowel-like quantity surrounded by a Cspiral and two triangular quantities.

Comment: The axis of the form on side a) is not parallel with that of the face; the surface of the stone has been worked so that the contours are not even.


## 23 D/Inv. No. 1231

Yellow faience
Theriomorph; recumbent animal. There is one oblique string hole through the belly.
Parts of the seal are lost by fracture
L. 1,65 . B. 1,0 . H. 0,86 . SH. 0,24

Kali Limiones (51)
A leaf-shaped quantity with vertical hatching surrounded by three inverted hatched triangles.
Comment: Both the position of the animal as the selection and arrangement of forms of the motif are difficult to parallel in the Middle Minoan age.


Disc. Parts of the seal are lost by fracture TH. 0,65 . $\varnothing 1,39$. SH. 0,22
Kali Limiones (51)
a) Within a circle a wild goat to the left.
b) Within a circle an eight-petaled rosette.

Comment: The style of the goat appears sophisticated, that of the petaled design naive. The string hole shows signs of irregular wear.


25 D/Inv. No. 1153
Green and black steatite
Disc. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture


TH. 0,60 . $\varnothing 1,36$. SH. 0,29
Knossos (24)
a) Within a circle a horned animal moving to the right; above it a toothed line, below a Cspiral.
b) Within a circle a striated band, surrounded by two bifoliated figures.
Comment: In style the two motifs appear to be at variance; the sides of the disc are vertically scored.


## 26 D/Inv. No. 1036

Black steatite
Theriomorph; the foreparts of two animals conjoined. There is one horizontal string hole through the long axis. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
L. 1,54. B. 0,98 . H. 0,66 . SH. 0,22

Sitia (7)
Two jugs inverted to each other and perhaps the handle of a third.

Comment: The style of the jugs appears to be earlier than that of the theriomorph.


27 D/Inv. No. 178
Rock crystal
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone
L. 1,40 . B. 1,05 . SH. 0,31

Lassithi [Eparchy]
a) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.


27 D/Inv. No. 178
Rock crystal
Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone
L. 1,40 . B. 1,05 . SH. 0,31

Lassithi [Eparchy]
b-c) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.


Comment: The style of the motifs shows variations difficult to relate to other motifs of a similar character; minute fractures at the edges of the tubular drill marks suggest a fast rotating tool.
Delt. 18 B $2,1963,310 ;$ Kadmos 2, 1963, 79 pl. 1, II.


## 28 D/Inv. No. 1157 <br> Rock crystal

Reel-shaped. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. $0,60 . \phi 1,35$. SH. 0,26
Kali Limiones (51)
The field is halved by two bands between of
which plain hatching; each half is filled with cross-hatching.
Comment: Under strong magnification the engrav-
ing of the central band appears to have been made
after the cross-hatching of the field. The shape too is
Comment: Under strong magnification the engrav-
ing of the central band appears to have been made
after the cross-hatching of the field. The shape too is
Comment: Under strong magnification the engrav-
ing of the central band appears to have been made
after the cross-hatching of the field. The shape too is unusual for material and motif.

Kali Limiones rual material and motr.





29 D/Inv. No. 1066

## Green jasper

Three sided prism; a line surrounds each face along the edge of the stone. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,37 . B. 0,82 . SH. 0,29

Siros (2)
a-c) Hieroglyphs; see CHIK.
Comment: While the variation in shape of some of the forms can be paralleled, the irregularity of the rays from the eye on side a), the disparity of the sides of the arrow on side b) and of the pronged instrument on side c) with the small depression in the diagonal lines suggest a deeper irregularity; the string hole is not quite central and the line which runs round the edges of the stone varies in thickness and makes a bad join.
Grumach, Kadmos 6, 1967, 8 f. Taf. 4. the arrow on side b) and of the pronged instrument on


## $30 \mathrm{D} /$ Inv. No. 214

Red, white and black mottled cornelian
Glandular. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,1. B. 0,9. TH. 0,5. SH. 0,2

Messara

a) Two conjoined circles.
b) A quatrefoil design around a central cupsinking.
Comment: The use of circles made by the tubular drill is unusual for the period in which this shape was used; the edges of the circles are both rough and sharp.


31 D/Inv. No. 1341

Comment: The engraving of the grooves on the top has occurred after the fracture at that part of the stone; the main parts of the motif in some cases have been engraved after the hatching; and the stem of one of the S -spirals curves the wrong way.

Blue sapphirine mottled chalcedony Stalk-signet; incised lines over the top, on the knot and around the base. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; the head is fractured by the string hole
H. 1,23. $\varnothing 1,1$. SH. 0,17

Sykia (5)
Four S-spirals in quadrilateral formation. From
the outside at the corners spring a bud, from the
inside corners four radial lines which support a
Four S-spirals in quadrilateral formation. From
the outside at the corners spring a bud, from the
inside corners four radial lines which support a
Four S-spirals in quadrilateral formation. From
the outside at the corners spring a bud, from the
inside corners four radial lines which support a central boss; plain hatching in the field.



## 32 D/Inv. No. 1246

Green and black mottled jadite
Theriomorph; foot of a lion; the paws and the back are indicated by grooving and incision. There is one horizontal string hole at the top with an oblique ridge between it, terminating into a knob
L. 1,25. B. 1,20. H. 1,50. SH. 0,21

Tsoutsouros (39)
A lizard moving to the right, regardant; plain hatching on the underside of the paws.

Comment: Both material and motif are unusual; the over-elaboration of the shape also extends to the motif and is inconsistent with seals of Middle Minoan III A age, except for signets bearing hieroglyphs.


33 D/Inv. No. 1298
Brown and yellow mottled sard
Discoid. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
TH. 0,75 . $\varnothing 1,55$. SH. 0,23
Kapetaniana (46)
A lark moving to the right; behind it a tree.
Comment: Both motif and technique are unusual; the later particularly in the treatment of the group of the branches behind the bird; this shows a strong affinity with 32 D .


34 D/Inv. No. 473
Rock crystal
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,63 . D. 1,58. SH. 0,22
Axos (63)
Perhaps a stag to the right.
Comment: Antlers on a bovine form are-despite mixed animal characteristics in the Late Minoan ageunusual; so are the later classical characteristics of style and technique.


35 D/Inv. No. 247
Brown jasper
Glandular. The stone was subject to fire L. 1,85 . B. 1,28 . TH. 0,8 . SH. 0,2

Knossos (24)
Bird-woman to the right.
Comment: Except for the positioning of the woman, the manner of the engraving and the uncertainty which extends to the material, this piece has much to commend it.


36 D/Inv. No. 1096
Black steatite
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture; worn
TH. 0,65 . $\varnothing 1,73$. SH. 0,20
Keramoutsi (27)
A bull running to the left, regardant; around its belly a double linear band, decorated with small cup-sinkings.
Comment: Related in style and technique with 34 D .

37 D/Inv. No. 229
Haematite
Lentoid carinated. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 0,8 . $\phi 1,95$. SH. 0,19
Lastros (8)
Man driving a two-horsed-chariot to the left on a ground line.
Comment: Both the material and shape of the stone appear to be ancient; it was probably rejected for engraving in antiquity because of the fracture near the string hole.
Alexiou, Delt. 18 B ${ }_{2}, 1963,310 ;$ AA. 1964, 803 Abb. 7.


38 D/Inv. No. 295
Spartan basalt
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
TH. 0,73 . $\varnothing 1,92$. SH. 0,24
Vrondissi (59)
Master of the animals with two attendant wild goats.
Comment: Among a number of unusual features the position of the forearms of the man is not the least.
Alexiou, Delt. $19 \mathrm{~B}_{3}, 1964,438$.


39 D/Inv. No. 508
Gold
Presumed cover for cushion-shape. Remains of beading on two edges. Pressed
L. 2,33 . B. 2,08 . TH. 0,35

Unknown
Seated griffin to the left.
Comment: A Middle Minoan III shape with a Late Helladic motif.


40 D/Inv. No. 1049
Red and black mottled cornelian
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,78 . $\varnothing 1,76$. SH. 0,25
Elounda (10)
Two lions attend the sacral tree which springs from an altar.

Comment: This motif in its present form is unparalleled in Cretan glyptic. Neither the style nor the technique appear consistent.
Alexiou, Delt. 20 B $_{3}, 1965,551$.


41 D/Inv. No. 1277
Green and white marble
Lentoid. Small parts of the stone are lost
by fracture
TH. 0,67 . $\varnothing 1,77$. SH. 0,21
Melambes (62)
A horned animal moving to the left on a ground line; three branches in the field; a latticed panel above the back of the animal.

Comment: The excess of subsidiary forms, as the latticed panel, is inconsistent with the talismanic treatment of the body of the animal.


42 D/Inv. No. 237
Red and black mottled sard
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,75 . $\varnothing 1,50$. SH. 0,23
Messara
Animal moving to the right, above and below it stars; also a branch. The engraving appears to be on the back of the stone.

Comment: Reminiscent of a similar subject in the Seager Collection (MMNY $26 \cdot 31 \cdot 245$ ) the execution of this piece is very rough.



43 D/Inv. No. 525
Red and black mottled sard
Amygdaloid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,85 . B. 1,38 . TH. 0,77 . SH. 0,2

Sklavi (4)
A talismanic kantharos between two branches on ground lines connected with the base; a spray springs from the top of the vase.
Comment: The leafy spray springing from the top of the kantharos shows uncertainty and hesitation.


## 44 D/Inv. No. 1359

Red and black banded sardonyx
Glandular. Parts of the stone are lost by
fracture
L. 1,65 . B. 1,5 . TH. 0,79 . SH. 0,13

Sykia (5)
A talismanic kantharos with lid between the horns of consecration, whose upper parts are leaved; cross-hatching in the exergue and on the lid.

Comment: The kantharos is not vertical and the handles generally rendered by one engraved line are here multiple.



45 D/Inv. No. 283
White, red and grey mottled sardonyx
Glandular
L. 0,96 . B. 1,59 . TH. 0,78 . SH. 0,23

Sitia (7)
A talismanic kantharos between two branches which joined together at the base, make a schema of the horns of consecration; from the neck of the kantharos springs a trefoliate spray.
Comment: The engraving of the body of the kantharos as of the handles shows an ineptitude inconsistent with the fine material of which it is made.



## 46 D/Inv. No. 1149

Brown and yellow mottled sard
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. $0,70 . \varnothing 1,61$. SH. 0,23
Messara
A talismanic sepia
Comment: The indifference to the level of the limbs of the sepia and to their relative size and curvature is unusual. The material is also unusual for this class of stone.




## 47 D/Inv. No. 1046

Red and brown mottled jasper
Amygdaloid. The stone was fractured be-
fore the engraving
L. 1,85 . B. 1,52 . TH. 0,66 . SH. 0,27

Loutraki (28)
A talismanic sepia; terminal lines at each end of the stone.

Comment: This motif appears to have been engraved after the scaling of the surface, and the tubular drill mark for the head executed before the engraving of the body whose subsidiary outlines are unusually close to it.


48 D/Inv. No. 1329
Red, black and white banded sardonyx
Amygdaloid. Part of the stone is lost by fracture
L. 2,54. B. 1,85 . TH. 1,0. SH. 0,23

Tsoutsouros (39)
A talismanic kantharos stands on a vertically hatched base; from it springs a leaf or stick. A spouted jug to the left from which emerges a branch.
Comment: The appearance of both a kantharos and talismanic jug on the same stone is an embarras de richesse.



49 D/Inv. No. 297
Red and black banded sardonyx
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,72 . $\varnothing 1,36$. SH. 0,26

## Messara

Talismanic combination of bands and lines.
Comment: Since in the Late Minoan age a confusion of forms as a decline in execution are marks of some talismanic stones, the authenticity of this stone must for the moment be in abeyance. But the heavy cutting for the whole of the motif is unusual, as is the material.


50 D/Inv. No. 518
Green and black serpentine
Lenticular. Worn
TH. 0,69 . $\phi 1,61$. SH. 0,26
Axos (63)
Talismanic fronds in trefoil form growing from an underhatched base.

Comment: The motif of this piece may be a fusion between a trefoil spray and a bird; but its material and technique are both unusual.


51 D/Inv. No. 313
Brown and white mottled agate
Lentoid, full carination. The half of the stone is lost by fracture
TH. 1,24. $\varnothing$ 2,32. SH. 0,24
Phästos (57)
A griffin to the left, regardant, on a ground line.
Comment: The material and fractured condition of this piece appear to be genuine, but the engraving shows signs of having been done after the fracture; the possibility that it was used as a trial piece in an engraver's workshop cannot be ruled out.



## 52 D/Inv. No. 489

Black marble
Lentoid. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,73 . $\phi 1,91$. SH. 0,31
Knossos (24)
A sheep moving to the left, regardant.
Comment: The engraving appears to have been executed after the major fracture of the stone and the style is a mixture of Cretan and later classical elements.


53 D/Inv. No. 1241
Black marble
Lentoid carinated. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,53 . $\varnothing 1,24$. SH. 0,31
Knossos (24)
A single horned animal running to the left, regardant; above it a trefoil, below three oblique lines.

Comment: On available evidence neither style nor technique appear to belong to any period of Minoan engraving.


## 54 D/Inv. No. 1321

Black and green serpentine
Lentoid
TH. 0,55 . $\varnothing 1,76$. SH. 0,23
Sokarras (43)
Wild goat moving to the left; plain and cross hatching on the field.
Comment: This appears to be so closely related to 41 D in both style and execution, as to suggest the same workshop.


55 D/Inv. No. 1095
Grey and green steatite
Lenticular. Parts of the stone are lost by fracture
L. 1,36 . B. 1,15 . TH. 0,61 . SH. 0,22

Knossos (24)
Frontal design of a woman with upraised hands; on both sides of her waist two oblong quantities.

Comment: But for the inadequate shape, this piece appears to be an attempt to copy known existing Late Minoan III B examples of this subject.


## 56 D/Inv. No. 1058

Black and green steatite
Lentoid carinated. Small parts of the stone are lost by fracture
TH. 0,66 . $\phi 1,41-1,29$. SH. 0,25
Knossos (24)
Wild goat to the right; a plant before and a javelin above it; some hatching in the field.
Comment: A mixture of talismanic idioms of Late Minoan IB wounded quarry and later Late Minoan III B representations of a similar subject.


57 D/Inv. No. 210
Black and green serpentine
Lenticular. Worn
TH. 0,55 . $\varnothing 1,43$. SH. 0,25
Aphrati (35)
An insect.
Comment: This appears to be a half hearted attempt to copy and adapt the occasional web-like motifs of Late Minoan III B.


58 D/Inv. No. 407
Rock crystal ; gold
Rock crystal ring stone of elliptical shape; the pale goldmount with ridged ring handle is reported to have been found in its vicinity

$$
\text { L. } 2,28 . \text { B. } 1,37 . ~ \varnothing 1,47
$$

Tourtouli (6)
Griffin to the right, perhaps before a shrine; the upper part of the wing approximates the foreparts of a bird.


## SHAPES AND SIZES OF SEALS

The enlargement of photographs and drawings to allow more detailed study of the seal motifs has two drawbacks, which, in the admirable nature of such fine work, are often forgotten.

The shape of the seal, which apart from any amuletic significance it may have possessed, in some way determines the character of the motif, and therefore has a double importance: then, under magnification, technical details of the engraving receive a prominence which was never intended, and may detract from stylistic appreciation.

In order to preserve a sense of proportion and reality, outline drawings of some of the more frequently used shapes are here given in a size near to their actual dimension.

1. Early three sided prism
2. Flattened cylinder or cushion-shape seal
3. Later three sided prism
4. Later cushion-shape seal
5. Foliate-back seal
6. Theriomorph
7. Discoid
8. Glandular shape
9. Amygdaloid
10. Lentoid


1


3


5



9


2


7




150 - 22.10.69d U-Zisle m. Jr.

## Lesesaal

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[^0]:    1 Since the conventional term "flattened cylinder" is a contradiction in terms, and has for Near Eastern scholars a confused meaning, the authors prefer the term "cushion-shape" to describe these rectangular shaped stones.

[^1]:    2 These stones sheuld have been placed earlier.

